The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

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The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

VOL. II NO. 193 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 15 1914 ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting Aden with	Tons.
15th Aug	Salsett ..	6000	Mongo a	10000
22nd ,,	India ..	8000	....	....
29th ,,	Salse tte ..	6000	Egypt	8000
5th Sept	Arabia ..	8000	....	....
12th ,,	Salse tte ..	6000	Malwa	11000
19th ,,	Simla ..	6000	....	....
26th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Morea	11000
3rd Oct.	Persia ..	8000	....	....
10th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Maloja	12500
17th ,,	Caledonia ..	9000	....	....
24th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan	10000
31st ,,	Marmora ..	10500	....	....
7th Nov.	Salsette ..	6000	Macedonia	10500
14th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	....	....
21st ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia	10000
28th ,,	Malva ..	11000	....	....
5th Dec.	China ..	8000	Medina	12500
12th ,,	Persia ..	8000	....	....
19th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
26th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	11400	..	..

Tenders leave CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at the place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA. JAPAN, and NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. R. BURNEY,
Acting Superintendent,
Bombay.

NIPPON YUSSEN KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton	Arrival.	Departure.
Penang Maru	S.Murazumi	4965	12th Aug.	21st Aug.
Jinsen Maru	T. Terada	3785	28th ,,	4th Sept.
Colombo Maru	O. Sakamoto	4709	6th Sept.	18th Sept.
KamakuraMaru	S.Nishimura	6126	20th ,,	2nd Oct.

For Freight apply to—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
NIPPON YUSEN-KAI-SHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

NOTICE.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, Ltd., beg to give notice that notwithstanding the very heavy demand for stores and Provisions they have still large supplies on hand.

Necessary arrangements have been completed to secure adequate supplies for the Christmas season.

The rates it is hoped will be about the same as those quoted in their catalogues.

For first class Provisions and Stores you should send your orders to

PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY POONA.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearn's Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S

CITY AND HALL LINES,

(JOINT SERVICE).

SAILINGS 1914.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Bombay about	Leave Karachi about.
City of Lahore ... A&C	6875	..	1st Sept.
City of Sparta ... A&C	5415	27th Aug	....

*These steamers call at Port Sudan.

SPRING 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about	Leave Bomb about.
City of Marseilles A&C	8250	3rd Feb.	....
City of Glasgow A&C	6545	....	6th Feb.
City of Poona A&C	7474	3rd March.	....
City of Paris A&C	9239	15th ,,	17th March
City of Lahore A&C	6947	24th	....
Trafford Hall A&C	5821	....	29th March
City of Manchester A&C	5551	31st March.	....
City of Nagpur A&C	7500	12th April	14th Apl
City of Cairo A&C	6984	21st ,,	....
City of Benares A&C	6984	....	27th ,,
City of Marseilles A&C	8250	8th May	10th ,,
City of Poona A&C	7474	7th June	....

"Trafford Hall," carries 1st Class passengers only all other steamers have accommodation for 1st and 2nd Classes.

FARES.	1st.class Singles.	1st class Returns.	2nd cl Single	2nd class Returns
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles.....	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	453	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	999	..	737

Concession granted to Families Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay.—Messrs. Ed Bate & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
991 Agen

BANKING.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(INCORPORATED IN HONGKONG.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $17,650,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Amoy.	Ipoh.	Rangoon.
Bangkok.	Johore.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Kobe.	San Francisco.
Bombay.	Kuala-Lumpur.	Shanghai.
Calcutta.	London.	Do. Hongkew.
Canton.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Colombo.	Malacca.	Sourabaya.
Foochow.	Manila.	Taipeh.
Hamburg	Nagasaki.	Tientsin.
Hankow.	New York.	Tsingtau.
Harbin.	Peking.	Yokohama.
Hongkong.	Penang.	Yloilo.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
40, Churchgate Street. Agent.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken-down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date Time Routes.

LINGA, 2184 Fri. 21st Aug. *6 a.m. Direct

*or on arrival of English mail steamer

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

T. S. "LINGA" on Friday 21st August (Passengers only) connecting with S. S. "DUMRA" at Karachi for Muscat, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "PALITANA" 2998 tons on Tuesday the 18th August, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Lingas, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER to be named later.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.

(Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand. Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

15th August 1914.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 141.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

LIST OF HOMEWARD SAILINGS 1914-1915.

Steam	Tonnage	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	24th Aug. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	12th Sept. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	28rd Sept 1914
Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R.D.R. N.R.	10th Oct. 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	6th Nov. 1914
Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	21st Nov. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	7th Dec. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	22nd Dec. 1914
Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R.D.R N.R.	12th Jan. 1915
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd Jan. 1915
Castalia	6688	G. Mitchell	9th Feb. 1915

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON.

Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	24th Feb. 1915
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th March1915
Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	26th March1915
Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R.D.R. N.R.	15th April 1915
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	27th April 1915
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	8th May 1915
Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	29th May 1915

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families. Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

POONA SEASON.

Visitors to Poona will Find the most Up-to-date place for BREAKFAST, TIFFIN, DINNER AND AFTERNOON TEA AT

F. CORNAGLIA'S,

Leading Confectioner and Caterer of Western India.

Local and Mofussil Orders promptly and carefully executed.

All Caterings in the most recherche Style.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

F. CORNAGLIA,

83, Medow Street,
7, Esplanade Road, } BOMBAY.
And 6, Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams 'Cornaglia.' Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

(Incorporated in Great Britain.)

TOTAL FUNDS.....£19,618,135

ANNUAL INCOME.....£7,542,708

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, PROFITS AND MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

Send for Prospectus and Particulars to:—

G. M. ROSS, Resident Secretary

Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.

Or. T. H. MOORE & Co., Chief Agents
Hummum St., Fort.
BOMBAY.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. LAMP OILS. B. O. C. PITCH.
B. O. C. PETROL B. O. C. CANDLES.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS.
B. O. C. GREASES. B. O. C. WAX.

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203. *Telephone Nos.* 102 & 1439.

WAR SERVICE EQUIPMENT.

NOTE:—NAVAL and MILITARY OFFICERS proceeding on WAR SERVICE are offered a special discount of 20 per cent on our usual Prices on

FOR THE NAVY

FOR THE ARMY

WATCHES.

For Wrist wear or for the pocket, we can supply the BEST and therefore the cheapest from Rs. 15.

BINOCULARS.

The BEST again, in GOERZ PRISMS & BUSCH PRISMS also ENGLISH PRISMS at Rs. 90.

CAMERAS.

GOERZ ANSCHUTZ or the TENAX POCKET cameras weighing from 8½ Ozs. All fitted with GOERZ' world renowned lenses. From Rs. 112.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 15,900,000

HEAD OFFICE YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsien	Liaoyang	Osaka
Changchun	Calcutta	Pekin
Dairen (Dalney)	London	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
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Harbin	Mukden	Shanghai
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Kobe	New York	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)		Tsingtau

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed ... Rs. 19,36,700
Capital Paid up ..... Rs. 11,24,978
Reserve Fund (In G. P. Notes) 10,40,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches—

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Bhan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lylpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to—

SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

THE MOTOR UNION.

INSURANCE Co., Ld.,

WHICH WAS

Founded by Motorists for Motorists

OFFERS.

Special Comprehensive Policy

Some special features are:

No Limit to Number of Claims in year.
Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims.
Complete Cover and Absolute Security.
Moderate Premium and Equitable Treatment.

Prospectus and rates on application to—

E. F. HALLIWELL.
General Agent,
"BIBLE HOUSE", 166, Hornby Road,
FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 2352 Tel. Address "Baltic"
11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

BY APPOINTMENT.

GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000
Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000

ESTABLISHED 1885.

Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE	ACCIDENT
BURGLARY	& SICKNESS
MOTOR CAR	FIDELITY
MOTOR CYCLE	GUARANTEE
BICYCLE	PLATE GLASS
LIVE STOCK	LIFT & HOIST

INSURANCES.

For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—

INDIAN BRANCH:—
12-18, Church Gate St., BOMBAY.
(P. O. Box 112.)
Manager for India—G. M. ROSE.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertiser are requested to note that the Publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.
SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

BOARD-RESIDENCE—In good central position. Good airy Rooms and all modern conveniences and Lift with English married couple, suit bachelors; for immediate entrance. Apply to No.539, care of "Bombay Chronicle."

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 60, Esplanade Road. 332

ENGLISH dessert PEARS & APPLES 9 lbs. nett, by V. P. parcel post, Rs.3/8 all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON. The Manali Orchards, Kulu-Panjab, Telegrams "Banon-Kulu." 3031

FRENCH CONVERSATIONAL CLASS of J. N. SHOPKEEPER, Officies d'Academie, for businessmen, clerks, students, amateurs and others. Simplest method. Terms very low. Apply care of Esplanade H. School, Fort. 3420

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

LATEST MODEL OVERLAND MOTOR CARS—We can OFFER balance of stock at very low prices to clear 25-30 h.p. 4 cylinder, quick detachable rims, fully equipped, silent running, economical upkeep, going at bargain prices. Only a limited number, apply immediately:—
AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
35, Medows Street,
Bombay.
3038

APPLICATIONS are INVITED for the POST of 10th COMPILER in the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, W. R. D, Nasik.
The pay is Rs. 15 per mensem rising by an annual increment of Re. 1 to a maximum of Rs. 25.
The compilers stand a chance of rising gradually according to seniority and merit to the post of Head Clerk of the office on Rs. 70 per month.
Only candidates that have passed the school final examination and possessing a knowledge of Marathi and Typewriting need apply.
Applications should be sent to the undersigned before the end of the month giving the age of the applicant with copies of testimonials and certificates.
J. F. D'MELLO,
L.M.S., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.,
Ag. Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, W. R. D.

WANTED.

WANTED immediately DENTAL MECHANIC. Only first class, good, all-round men need, apply to DR. CARR, Dental Surgeon, 107, Esplanade Road, opposite Clock Tower, Bombay. 3480

WANTED an EXPERT for POTTERY WORKS must understand manufacturing of pipes, Tiles and Electrical Transhipes, etc., Apply with copies of certificates to PARASHRAM BALWANT GUNPULE Proprietor BRICK FACTORY BHIMANATH Baroda. 3501

WANTED persons to apply for FREE Particulars of American Money-making Plans. A Golden opportunity of acquiring Wealth during spare time. NOORANI BROTHERS, Box T-7 Bhavnagar. 452

A QUALIFIED Sub-Assistant Surgeon for charge of a Travelling Dispensary in the Almora District, for six months, from 1st October, 1914 to 13th March 1915. Pay, including all allowances approximately, Rs. 70 per mensem—Send copies of certificates with application, to CIVIL SURGEON, Almora. 2235

WANTED at once for the BOMBAY CUSTOMS MOTOR LAUNCHES an ASSISTANT MECHANIC competent as a Motor Driver and capable of managing engines of 110 H. P. Initial salary Rs. 35 with a local allowance of Rs. 7. Applicants to apply in person with testimonials to the Assistant Collector in charge Preventive Service Office, Town Customs House. 3525

WANTED AMBITIOUS MEN

Desirous of qualifying themselves for good position to read this carefully, as vacancies are constantly occurring for men in all professions.
We can prepare you in your own home, privately, in your spare time, at a reasonable cost, to obtain a well-paid position, improve your present position, or increase your salary. You need not leave your present employment. Over 120 Courses taught in the following professions and trades:—

Accountancy	Engineering in all branches.
Advertising	Salesmanship
Agricultural	Poultry Farming
Analytical Chemistry	Mining
Applied Art	Dairy Farming
Business Training	

Mention profession in which you are interested and write for free prospectus to:—
THE REGISTRAR
International Correspondence School.
Dept. A/E8.
11, Hunum Street, Bombay.

WANTED.

WANTED LADIES AND GENTLEMEN going abroad to advantageously sell their Furniture, etc., in one lot No. 100 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3456

WANTED one SECONDHAND BOILER about 8X30 certified to carry a pressure of 130lbs or mor. State particulars and price and where it could be seen to Box No. 807, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3549

EUROPEAN, in distress, WANTS service as BUTLER or VALET immediately. Any salary accepted. Please address to Box No. 808, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle." 3554

AN INSPECTRESS for MUNICIPAL GIRLS' SCHOOLS Bareilly on Rs. 50 to 60. Applications with copies of certificates to be sent to the CHAIRMAN, Municipal Board, Bareilly, by 31st August. 3551

WANTED: FIRST CLASS MUSICIANS for a HIGH CLASS THEATRE in Bombay. Europeans or Eurasians preferred. An expert Pianist specially required. Salaries according to qualifications. Apply by letter to "JENNETT" No. 72 Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder Bombay. 3556

WANTED a B.Sc. for the post of SCIENCE TEACHER in the Government High School at Chhindwara on Rs. 50.
Apply with copies of testimonials to
KANHAYALAL GURU,
Inspector of Schools,
2239 Nerbudda Circle.

NURSE, fully trained, required for the Nasik Civil Hosp. Nursing Association. Pay Rs. 70 to Rs. 80, according to qualifications. Board, washing and uniform allowance and quarters, servants, light and fuel free.
Apply before the 20th August, also stating age and nationality to A. J. V. BETTS, Major, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Nasik. 2241

WANTED—A 1st class (competency) MECHANICAL ENGINEER to take charge of our Ginning Factory having Marshall's couple compound trip gear engine with condensor. Experienced hands need only apply. Pay according to qualifications.
PYAN LAL, Manager,
Cotton Ginning Co., Ltd.
3545 Khanna.

MARY NEEDS A HOME.—Born and bread in England seeks employment as a lady's companion or as a nursery governess. Mary is a young lady of respectable family and quite fond of children.
Apply to "MARY,"
c/o. The Anglo-Indian Deposit and Loan Society,
3532 Church Gate Street, Fort.

WANTED a LADY TEACHER, well versed in English and Marathi, to teach 4 children at Nhava near Panwell. Residence free. One who knows to play Harmonium preferred. Gharry fare paid.
Salary according to qualifications. Apply personally between 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.
THE SECRETARY,
Mama Hajani Palace,
Worli, Bombay.
2351

WANTED—A fully qualified Audit Officer for Durbhanga Raj. Salary Rs. 300—20—400. House and conveyance allowance Rs. 150 a month.
Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to 15th August 1914.
GOURI SHANKER,
Acting General Manager, R.D.
DURBHANGA:
The 24th July, 1914. 3367

WANTED.—Applications are invited for the post of Honorary Physician and Honorary Assistant Surgeon, J. J. Hospital, which will fall vacant on 1st October, 1914.
Applications, with testimonials, should be sent to the Senior Medical Officer, J. J. Hospital, by the 17th August, 1914.
L. F. CHILDE,
Lt.-Col. I.M.S.,
Senior Medical Officer,
3515 J. J. Hospital.
Bombay, 10th August, 1914.

THE Bengal and North-Western Railway Company require the services of an officer for the post of FIRST ASSISTANT AUDITOR on Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,000. Applications for the appointment to be sent to the Undersigned.
Applicants should give particulars of age, qualifications and experience. Only officers competent to take charge of a large office on occasion, need apply.
JAS. WALKER,
Acting Agent,
Bengal & North-Western Railway Coy.
Gorakhpur, the 11th August, 1914. 2350

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Full size ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLE by THURSTON in perfect order complete with cues balls etc. Price Rs. 300. No offers. Apply MR. ELLIS, "EDWARD HOUSE." Merewhether Road, Apollo Bunder. 3555

FOR SALE.—35 H. P. STUDEBAKER CAR, latest 1914, model in new condition. With extra large honey combe radiator, shock absorbers. 3 spare tyres. 2 sets seat and monsoon covers any trial accept Rs. 4,250 for quick sale.
DR. CARR,
3534 107, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, one second-hand 12 H. P. four Cylinder "TALBOT CAR," Rotund body painted and trimmed Dark red, fitted with Talbots detachable wheels and one spare wheel, Kopalaps type hood, single pane adjustable front glass screen, tyre brackets, with well for carrying spare wheel, 2 Gas Head Lamps. 2 Oil Lamps, and one tail Lamp, complete in good order. Has been very little used.
Cost when new Rs. 7,500. Any reasonable offer will be considered.
Apply to THE PALACE CONTROLLER. Mysore. 2349

TO BE LET.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR at KALBADEVI Road suitable for office or residential purposes. Spacious and airy rooms. Apply to B. J. MISTRY Persian Hat Depot. 3539

ADVERTISER would like Gentleman to share his flat near Apollo Bunder. E. L. and Fan. Terms moderate. References required. Address Box No. 540 "Bombay Chronicle." 2340

TO BE LET—Suite of rooms at Hornby Road suitable for office or consulting rooms. Apply Mr. Thotia C/o NICHOLSON DENTIST Hornby Road. 3502

TO SUBLET DAVAR VILLA Sea Side Bandra, reasonable terms till end of October. Apply Mr. M. V. MERCHANT, Secretary, Bombay. 3506

TO BE LET at 10 Victoria Road well ventilated spacious FLAT of 2 large rooms, one smaller one wide verandah etc., open to the west. Apply to Box No. 666 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

TO LET.—FIRST FLOOR of BAMANJI CASINATH'S, Nepeansea Road, BUNGLOW having big Hall, 4 rooms, whole veranda, separate servant room and Godown, one stall for carriage and horse with coachman's room; gas fitting everywhere. Also —4 STABLES STALLS at GOA STREET rent Rs. 12. Write or call for both at tris office, 13-15 Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay 348?

NOTICES.

REAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECONDHAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ. RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP AND LEAD SCRAP, BRASS SCRAP, BRASS BORINGS, ETC.
THE ACTING AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 19th August, 1914, for the purchase of above which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bunder, Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi, and at this Depot.
TENDERS.—These must be made out in the Company's authorised Forms, which can be had on application to the Undersigned at his office on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.
TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 and a minimum of Rs. 200 only) must accompany each Tender along with a cash deposit form, which is supplied gratis on application, as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of Contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed), Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or Order."
PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.
NOTE.— THE AGENT does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.
Applicants are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay and remove within one month from the date of acceptance of Tender.
G. B. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel 25th July, 1914. 3343

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Engineer in charge, Salsette Building Sites, Andheri, upto 5 p.m. on 24th August, 1914, for the construction of a new road estimated to cost Rs. 12,700. Plans and estimates can be seen at and Tender Forms obtained from the office of the Undersigned at Andheri, during office hours on any working day.
A deposit of Rs. 1,000 in Government Promissory Notes will be required as Security Deposit of the Contractor whose tender is accepted.
The right is reserved for rejecting any tender without giving reasons.
H. C. CROSSLE,
Engineer-in-Charge,
2310 Salsette Building Sites Andheri.

NOTICE.

WE beg to inform our Constituents and the Public in General that the prices of our FAMOUS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES de LUXE remain unaltered. The prices are enhanced only of Dutch Havana Cigars and American Tobaccos and Cigarettes.
TH. VAFIADIS & Co.,
3503 117/125, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NOTICE TO MOTOR CAR OWNERS.

THE VACUUM OIL COMPANY have not advanced their prices for MOBILOILS and will continue to supply to dealers at usual prices as long as stocks on hand last. If any dealers refuse to sell at these prices, please notify us promptly and we will make arrangements to have your requirements taken care of.
VACUUM OIL COMPANY.
3484

NOTICE.

A BRANCH OFFICE of the INDIAN ECONOMICAL and The STANDARD RELIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., of Calcutta is opened at 63-71, Kalbadevi Road (No. 2) Princess Street, Bombay. 3415

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for probate of the last will and testament of Bai MANECKBAI alias MAMOOBAI widow of Narandas Kanji and daughter of Anandji Valji late of Bombay Hindoo inhabitant...Deceased.
1. Bai TAMOOBAI widow of Khimji Hari of Bombay Hindoo Inhabitant and 2 Premdas Khimji also of Bombay Hindoo Inhabitant Merchant both residing at Ovalwady Kalbadevi without the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioners.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.
Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-second day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and fourteen and in the fifth year of our Reign.
(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
The 22nd day of July, 1914.
Messrs. PESTONJI RUSTIM KOLA & Co.,
3547 Petitioners Attorneys.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned on Thursday, 27th August, 1914, before 1 p.m., for the right of erecting a "Grand Stand" for spectators on the Esplanade Parade Ground, in connection with the ensuing Quadrangular Cricket Matches. Each tender to be accompanied by Rs. 200 as earnest money. Further particulars and conditions will be given on application to the Superintendent of Esplanade. The Executive Engineer, Presidency, reserves the right to reject all or any tenders.
A. H. WHYTE, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 11th August, 1914. 3353

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO,

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. RAILWAY LISTS.
53, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 1285.

WEEKLY SALE.

On TUESDAY the 18th instant at 3 p.m. (S T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co., auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 53 Meadows Street, Fort, (next to Messrs. Tarachand Parasram Jewellers) a quantity of piece goods, cycles, hardware and the following furniture such as—
Chairs and cupboards, dressing, writing and washhand tables, cushioned sofas and chairs, sidetables, marble and tiled tables and teapoys, folding arm easychairs, wall clocks, show case, hatstands, single and double glass and panel door almiras, wooden bedstead, Pianola with rolls, baba cars and baba motor cars, Phonographs, Iron Chubb's lock safe, &c., &c.
Property of a gentleman—
1 ice box (large) with refrigator.
2 pairs English palm stands with brass pots.
By order of the concerned—
1 lot liquor Amonia in Kegs, Lemon, Venilla and Cochnil essences.
Hitchcock lamps, machine to make pills.
By order of the office concerned:—A large stock of Electric wires, machine for making tickets, safe, copperwire, brass and copper pots, wooden cupboards, &c., &c.
1 case brass screw (round and flat) various size.
1 cask washing soda.
By order of the office concerned—
2 cases best Egyptian Cotton Healds.
S. T. 3-30 P.M.
Several gent's cycles by different makers.
MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 15th August, 1914.

BENNETT & CO.

No. 22. APOLLO STREET, FORT.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 3-30 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Company will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.
By order of the Bank and on account and risk of the concerned. T. F. I. T. C. No. 8387—1 case chocolate. T. F. I. T. C. No. 8388—1 case confectionery.
AT 2 P.M., (S. T.)
1 Second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham in good order.
1 Second hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 Handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office Shigram, in very good order.
1 Bay Arab horse, aged, quiet in harness.
1 Second hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 15th August, 1914.

When you go visiting—d have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearn's Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24, 26, Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT NANABHAI BOMANJI LANE, FORT.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 15th day of August, 1914, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises under instructions from Messrs. Surajmal & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dada and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Nomanbhai Mulla Lookmanji under and by virtue of the power of sale given under the indenture of mortgage dated 7th day of August 1911 executed by the said Nomanbhai Mulla Lookmanji in favour of the said Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dada the following landed property viz:—
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent and Pension & Tax tenures together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Nanabhai Bomanji Lane within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 92 square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the books of Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 358-46 New No. 5341 G/317 Old Survey No. 707-708 and New Survey No. 10/9144 and bounded on or towards the East by the house of Dhobi Cullian on or towards the West by a public passage known as Tabak's Pole on or towards the North by the house of Sorabji Edulji Madon and on or towards the South by the house lately of Bachoobai widow of Bonanji Cawasji Tabak and which said premises are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under ward A No. 2416 and Street No. 48 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the mortgagor or his tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Surajmal & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office No. 25 Meadows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY NEAR THE HOPE MILLS, ON DeLISLE ROAD, PAREL.

Under instructions from Messrs. Khambata and Co., Attorneys for the Second Mortgagee of the above property and with the consent of Messrs. Hormusjee Jamsetjee Daruwalla and Dhanjisha Hormusjee Daruwalla the First mortgagees of the said property and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Dossabhoy Rustomji Daruwalla and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of mortgage dated the 2nd day of July 1912 and made between the said Dossabhoy Rustomji Daruwalla of the one part and the said Second Mortgagee of the other Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on the premises on SUNDAY, the 16th day of August, 1914, at 5 p.m. (S.T.).
PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land whereof the Fazandar is Mr. Behramjee Heerjibhoy Warden with the buildings or chawls standing thereon situate at DeLisle Road, Parel, in the city of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and being a part of land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 82, 666, 667, 690, 737, 710, 727, 732, 740, Collector's New No. 1-11981 Old Survey No. and New Survey No. 1-2704 and in the books of the Foras Land Commissioner under No. 852 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 2251 and Street No. 300 DeLisle Road and containing by admeasurement 1,137 square yards and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the South by the Hope Mills on non towords the North East and West by Vacant land belonging to the said Behramji Heerjibhoy Warden and which said land hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the Mortgagor and his tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Khambata and Co., Attorneys for the Second Mortgagee at their office at No. 17-19 Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE ON WEDNESDAY, 19TH AUGUST, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th August 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 'Star Mansions" on Colaba Reclamation, near the Colaba Railway Station, Colaba, valuable and handsome teakwood blackwood and French made household furniture comprising sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, handsome mirror back sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meatsafes, book-stands, rich upholstered drawing room suite, French made cabinets, corner cabinets, sweet toned almost new cottage piano in perfect order, marble top tables, tiled teapoys, single and double bedsteads, handsome mirror door almirahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, sofas, easy chairs, rich engravings, rich glass and porcelainware, rich platedware, rich table ornaments, cooking utensils, etc., etc.
The property of P. Munch, Esq., Accountant, French Bank, and others.
Catalogue will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 20TH, AND FRIDAY, THE 21ST INSTANT. COMMENCING AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.), EACH DAY.

A VERY GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO DEALERS IN ELECTRIC GOODS, CONTRACTORS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.
Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 20th and FRIDAY, the 21st August, 1914, commencing at 2-30 p.m.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & Co., (Contd.)

(S. T.) each day, sell by Public Auction in godown in Bank Street, Fort, near the Bank of Bombay and next to our Auction Rooms (where the kit has been removed for the convenience of sale) by order of the concerned who has purchased the entire stock in trade of the Bombay Electric Stores, comprising:—
Marble switch boards, lamp holders, resistant boards, bundles of electric wires, porcelain clips, main switches, electric bulb lamps of different volts, iron, T's naples, elbows, tents, couplings, electric pendants, brackets, carbons, ceiling plates, ring holders, insulators, big lot of iron wire, tubes of various sizes, porcelain tubes, 10 amp. cut outs, 5 amp. cut outs, resistant lamps, lamp shades, bracket holders, hooks, fusi boards, volt meter, amp. meter, table fans, plug cut outs, arc lamps, switches, key cut outs, etc., etc., too numerous to detail.
The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT BABA DHABU STREET FUL GULLY.

Under instructions from Mr. Popatlal Parbhudas the Transferee of the Deeds of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Amtubai widow and Administratrix of Adamji Jeewanji Rangwalla and Tyabally Adamji and in pursuance of the power of sale given under the Indentures of Mortgage dated the 31st day of January 1910 and 19th day of March 1910 and made between the Mortgagors of the one part and Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dada and Hajiani Ashadbai widow of Haji Hassam Dada and in the Indenture of Further Charge dated 17th January 1912, and made between the Mortgagors of the one part and the said Popatlal Parbhudas of the other part, Messrs. J. S. Mody & Co., Auctioneers will, on FRIDAY the 21st day of August, 1914 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the following landed properties:—
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.
PART I.
All that piece or parcel of land of Quit and ground rent tenure with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate lying and being at Baba Dhabu Street in the Island of Bombay within the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement sixty-one square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors old No. 2587 new No. 9664 old Survey No. 1017 new Survey No. 4439 and by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward Nos.
Street Nos. 12—124 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Baba Dhabu Street on or towards the West by a sweepers passage on or towards the North partly by a passage and partly by the house of Rehmanji Tajbhai and on or towards the South by the house of Adamji Jeewanjee Rangwalla
PART II.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and ground rent tenure with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate lying and being at Baba Dhabu Street in the Island of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and eight and eight ninths square yards or thereabouts and assesed by the Collector or Land Revenue under old No. 2587-2587 New No. 9602 Old Survey No. 1017 New Survey No. 4440 and by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward No. 6906 Street No. 116, 118, 120 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Baba Dhabu Street, on or towards the West by a sweepers passage on or towards the North by property of Adamji Jeewanjee Rangwalla being the property first above described and on or towards the South by the house of Hyderally Tajbhoy.
For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to Messrs. Nadirsha and Dadasha Attorneys for the Vendor at their office No. 5 Hummum Street, Fort or to the undersigned.
J. S. MODY, & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, August 15th, 1914.

MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, BELONGING TO THE GOVERNMENT CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

In accordance with Section 84 and 119 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Town Customs House, on TUESDAY, the 18th August, 1914, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods:—
5 drums spirit, electric bulbs, tinware (toys), iron screws, empty glass bottles, printed matter, soap, provision (bynol), dates, spirit varnish, paper, China clay, provision, paint, earth colour, hoop iron, steel bars, sugar, castorseed, wheat, rice, grams, kulthi, betelnuts, cowries, planks, broken tiles and various other articles.
Also at 5 p.m. (S.T.), in No. 10, Warehouse, Victoria Dock and in R.B.C. Shed, Warehouse, Prince's Dock:—
16 casks cement, 25 casks China clay, 3 cases formic acid, 2 cases acid chlorhydic.
MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 15th August, 1914.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearn's Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF THE STOCK-IN-TRADE OF THE LATE MR. CAMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN, CONSISTING OF VALUABLE HANDSOME AND VERY OLD CARVED AS WELL AS PLAIN TEAK AND BLACKWOOD, DINING, DRAWING AND BED-ROOM FURNITURE, BLACKWOOD TAPESTRY LINED SPRING CUSHIONED SOFAS, OLD ENGRAVINGS, SMALL AND BIG SAFES OF DIFFERENT SIZES, TENTS ETC.

TO-MORROW, the 16th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, in the compound of the late Mr. Cammoo Jaffer Sulleman, near the Girgaon Tram Terminus, or the Portuguese Church, the stock-in-trade of the late Mr. Cammoo Jaffer Sulleman, who have closed their business, consisting of teakwood and blackwood single and double mirror door almyrahs, ward robes, clothes and gown hanging presses, corner and side cabinets, chiffoneers jardineers, dressing chest of drawers, mirrored side-boards, easy and rocking chairs, revolving top office table, revolving chairs, marble top round and octagon tables, fancy and folding tea-poys, flower stands, iron and teakwood and blackwood single and double cots, lady's writing tables, meatsafes, dinner waggon, dining table with telescopic, screws, Brussels big hall carpets, screens, phono, book cases, pier tables, drawing and wash-hand tables, towel horses, book-cases, blackwood tapestry lined, spring cushioned sofas of old engraving, big and small tents, big and small safes of various sizes.

Catalogues are printed and the property is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY the 17th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Furniture such as handsome and neat-made (French-polished) single and double glass door almiras, chest of drawers, arm and armless chairs, hatstands, writing tables, dressing tables, clothes baskets, wall brackets, clocks, phonographs, easy chairs, fancy tiled top teapoys, &c.

A big consignment of old China and Japan curiosities, suitable for presentations specially imported by M. Z. Martin of Kobe (Japan) such as Imari, Kutani, Kochi, Satsuma and Porcelain vases, flower pots, tea and coffee sets, teapots, jardineers and pedestals, ornaments jars, koros, spills, ornamented pictures, screens and other miscellaneous curious articles.

By order of the Bank concerned:—

H. M. B. 1/13—13 cases preserved fruits such as whole Tamatoes, Apricots, Asperagus, mushrooms, Archers, Verdales, French beans, Crystallized Cherries, Apricots, Pears and Peaches in Syrup.

H. M. B. 1—1 case Perfumery and scented oils.

By order of L. N. Lang Esq., the Acting Official Assignee Bombay and the Assignee of the estates and effects of the following Insolvents:—

Re:—Abdoolabhoy Hussonally, Insolvent:—Mehta boxes, sliding door, cupboards, stool, bench, gas burners, empty bottles for scents, and scented oils, &c.

Re:—Mowji Ladha Joshi, Insolvent:—Scales with weights Brass and Iron trays and Iron pans, one lot planks, broken chair, broken double door, cupboard, lamp, &c.

By order of J. Sanders Slater Esq., the administrator general Bombay, and the administrator of the estate and effects of the late Mr. M. J. Zimmerwan:—1 oxypathor (serviceable to Doctor).

AT 2-30 P.M.

2 Rubber-tyred victorias.
2 Rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 Rubber-tyred brougham.

AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several second-hand bicycles by different makers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GHOGHARI MOHOLLA, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

High Court Suit No. 255 of 1914.
R. D. Sethna Esq. .....Plaintiff.
v/s
Moosa Haji Essa & others .....Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulji and Thakordas, attorneys for B. N. Lang Esq., the Receiver, appointed in the above suit Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY the 18th day of August 1914 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the following valuable landed property on the premises.

Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house of two compartments standing thereon situate lying and being at Ghoghari Moholla in the Registration District, and Sub-District of Bombay and bearing Collector's Old No. 849, New No. 8014, Old Survey No. 1779 and New Survey No. 1081 and bearing Municipal C ward No. 6229, Street Nos. 46-48 and which admeasures 104 square yards and which is bounded on the East by the aforesaid Ghoghari Moholla, on the west by the Sweeper's passage, on the North by the porperty of Moossa Adam Patil Maskar Mistry and on the South by the property of Bhiyas Vacob.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulji and Thakordas at their Office No. 7, Church gate Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF THE STOCK-IN-TRADE (PHOTO-MATERIALS) SHOP FURNITURE, AND THE GOOD-WILL OF THE SHOP OF MESSRS. D. M. DUKLE & CO., (THE OLD-STANDING FIRM ESTABLISHED 1871).

Under instructions from Messrs. D. M. Dukle & Co., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction on SATURDAY the 22nd August, 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the shop of Messrs. D. M. Dukle & Co. in Hummum Street, all the stock-in-trade of Photo-materials consisting of hand and stand cameras, extra slides, lenses, camera cases, dark room lamps, tripod stands, dishes of various sorts, photographic books, chemicals, printing frames, albums, paste mounts, and slip-in, cupboards, sliding door cupboards, show cases, tables, copying press, platform scale with weights, chairs, stools and sundry articles.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale day.

N.B.—Firstly all the stock-in-trade with the good-will of the shop will be put up to auction in one lot and if there be no purchasers for the whole concern in one lot, the photo-materials &c., will be gold on the same day in small lots to suit the purchasers' convenience.

AUCION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT PAREL KALACHOWKI ROAD, PAREL ROAD, SEEVRI CROSS ROAD, AND ABDUL REHMAN SREET, WITHOUT THE FORT, OF BOMBAY.

High Court Suit No. 496 of 1913.
Haji Abdoola Haji Mahomed .....Plaintiff.
v.
Haji Sidick Haji Mahomed and others .....Defendants.

Under instructions from Mr. Haji Sidick Haji Mahomed, the Receiver appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the Consent Decree made in the said suit on the 19th day of March 1914, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by public auction on the following days, times and places, the following valuable landed properties.

LOT NO. 1.

PAREL, KALA CHOWKI ROAD PROPERTY ON WEDNESDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, AT 4 P.M., (S. T.) ON THE PREMISES.

Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of Vacant land of Foras tenure, situate, lying and being at Parel Kalachowki Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 4,680 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 163 New No. C/16782 and new survey No. 1/2511, 3 B/2511 and bounded on the East by the property of Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company, on the West by Lot No. 2 on the north by the property of Dinshaw Manekji Petit Manufacturing Company and on the south by the property of Rachel Mill, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under E Ward No. 8390 and 8392 and Street No. 61 and 65 Kala Chowki Road.

Particulars of Lot ...No. 2.—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground together with six chawls standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Parel Kala Chowki Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3439 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue together with other land under old No. 168. New No. C/16782 and New Survey No. 1/2511, 3B/2511 and bounded on the East by Lot No. 1 on the west by Lot No. 3 on the north by the property of Dinshaw Maneckji Petit Manufacturing Company and on the south by a passage and beyond it by the property of Haji Yusuf Haji Esmail Sobani, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "E" Ward Nos 7502, 7503. 8386, 8387, 8388 and 8389 and Street Nos. 101, 103, 53, 55, 57, 59.

Particulars of Lot No. 3:—All that piece or parcel of Forms Land or ground together with a chawl, standing thereon,—situate, lying and being at Parel Kala Chowki Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1032 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue together with other land under old No. 168, New No. C/16782 and New Survey No. 1/2511 and 3/B/2511 and bounded on the East by Lot No. 2, on the west by Parel Road, on the north by the property of Dinshaw Maneckji Petit Mills Co., and on the south by a passage and beyond by the property of Haji Yusuf Haji Esmail Sobani; which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "E" Ward No. 7501 and Street No. 99, Kala Chowki Road.

LOT NO. 4: PAREL ROAD PROPERTY, ON THURSDAY, THE 3RD SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 5 P.M., (S.T.) ON THE PREMISES.

Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of Inam land or ground together with five chawls standing thereon situate lying and being on the east side of Parel Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,538 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the property of the Parsi orphanage, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "F" Ward Nos. 1039 (1), 1039 (2), 1039 (3), 1039 (4), 1039 (5) and Street Nos. 143A. 175, 147—169, 71, 171A, 73, 173A, 173B.

LOT NO. 5: SEEVRI CROSS ROAD PROPERTY ON FRIDAY, THE 4TH SEPTEMBER 1914, AT 5 P.M., (S. T.), ON THE PREMISES.

Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Government Tocca tenure together with a chawl, a bungalow, a dyeing factory (with a boiler and tubs) and outhouses standing thereon situate lying and being at Seevri Cross Road, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 25904 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 4/2184 and 2/2182, 3—4/2185 and 8/2186, 12/2186, 14/2186, 1/2194 and 2/2183 1A—2/2189, 2/2185, 6A/2184, 5/2213, 6/218, and 1/2186, 4/2213, 6/2213, 1/2185, 4/2186, 6/2183, 1/2179, 5—7/2186, 11/2185, 7/2187. A7/2187, 8/2185, and 11/2186, 3a/2213, 3b/2213, 4/2194, 8b/2184, 8a/2184, 3/2194, 2—12/2193, 13/2186, 3/2186, 13/2185, 510/2185, 3/2182, 7/2183 and 7/2184, 2/2194 and 5b/2214, 5a/2213, and 2/a/2194, 9/2186, 14/2185 and 2-10/-2186, 9/2185, 2-12/2188 and 6/2187, 2/2213, 5/2187 and 1-13/2188, 7-15/2185, 7/2213, 5/2184 and bounded on the East by Seewri Cross Road, on tht West by the Vacant land of Jassin Britto and others, on the North by the property of Haji Saleh Mahomed Habib and on the South by the property of Haji Joosub Haji Sooleman Tar which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "F" Ward No. 2131-32 and 34, 44 and Street Nos. 827, 822A, 825-26 etc.

LOT NO. 6: ABDUL REHMAN STREET PROPERTY ON SATURDAY THE 5TH SEPTEMBER 1914 AT 5 P.M. (S.T.) ON THE PREMISES.

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and Ground rent tenure together with the dwelling house, standing thereon situate lying and being at Abdool Rehman Street without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 73 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1440, New No. 7189, old Survey No. 1066 and New Survey No. 1972 and bounded on the East by the Sweeper's passage, on the West by Abdul Rehman Street, on the North by the property of Memon Moosa Haji Hassam and on the south by the property of Haji Sidick Haji Mahomed, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "B" Ward No. 21 and street No. 85.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Pestonji Rustum Kola & Co., Attorneys for the Receiver at their office No. 79, Medows Street Fort or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 15th August, 1914.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR.

6-30 Twice Nightly **10 p.m.**

Gen. Manager Mr. JAMES McGRATH.

WAR WAR WAR

Films of fascinating and Topical interest giving glimpses of the countrises and the Forces of Britain's Allies.

THE BELGIAN AND FRENCH CAVALRY ON MANŒUVRES.

Showing with vivid reality the operations of some of the finest fighting units in world.

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Of Historic and Topical Interest.

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The smartest and cleverest troupe of acrobats and gymnasts which has ever visited Bombay.

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In a screamingly funny sketch, "The Lady and The Waiter."

"THE FRUITS OF VENGEANCE"

A DRAMA OF CIRCUS LIFE.

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SPECIAL CINEMA PROGRAMME AT HALF PRICES.

REASONABLE OFFERS & CASH ON DELIVERY.

Gentlemen proceeding Home or Abroad.

Wishing to dispose of their furniture and effects such as glass and porcelainware, silverware, furniture, piano, horses and carriages, nic-nacks, garden &c. &c. should apply to the undersigned for reasonable offers and prompt cash on delivery. Advances paid on the same.

SURPLUS STOCK & JOB LOTS

OF

English and Continental firms, Manufacturers' Agents &c. purchased at reasonable offers.

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NO 10 O'CLOCK SHOW

Matinee 4-30 p.m.
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Continued success of our
Star Acts
SAM STERN
'Ma great beeg brothare Slyvestre."
THE CLARDY BROS.
Wonderful acrobats these.
ADDIE LEIGH
A gifted comedienie
MEREDITH AND ADNIL
Marvels on the Rings
AND
OUR GAIETY PICTURES.
POPULAR PRICES.

DO YOU KNOW THIS MAN?

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A Thrilling Drama of Circus Life.

THE FRUITS OF VENGEANCE.

In Two Parts. A TRAGEDY IN MID-AIR. In Two Parts.

The story of a jealous man, who in his mad attempt to wreak vengeance upon another, destroys himself. Interesting pictures of life in a circus-tent.

SENSATIONAL TRAPEZE AND TIGHT-ROPE WALKING PERFORMANCES.

Another Drama you should not miss:—

LIEUT. ROSE AND THE STOLEN BATTLESHIP.

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WAR ON SEA!
WAR IN THE AIR!

***3 Shows Nightly*:—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, & 10 to 11-15.**

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3 SHOWS NIGHTLY:—7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.

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(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

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Called-up Capital	£	600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£	900,000
Reserve Fund	£	55,000

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INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

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Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882

HEAD OFFICE:—ORIENTAL BUILDING, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,0.,00,00.
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs.	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Asst. Manager

THE EMPIRE BANK, LIMITED.

17-19, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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All kinds of Banking business transacted.

Further particulars on application.

HEREDIA & Co.,
Agents

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

82, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital	£	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£	562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£	562,500
Reserve Fund	£	465,000

Head Office Grace Church Street London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balance up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising interest and Dividends when due.

A SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter).

Capital	£	1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£	1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£	1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

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Hamburg.	Medan	Manila.
Bombay.	(Sumatra).	Cebu.
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. p.a. on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 100,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 100,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Share bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collections of Interest and Dividends, when due.

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Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
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Post Box No. 84,
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.

BRANCHES:—

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Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

STANDARD OIL CO., OF NEW YORK.

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
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BRAND.	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg	6 0	2 per case.
White Rose 150 deg	5 12	2 per case.
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Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg	5 0	2 per case.
Tiger Brand 125 deg	4 15	2 per case.
Monkey Brand 125 deg	4 15	2 per case.
White Camelia 125 deg (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 deg (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg (in bulk)	3 12	0 per 8 Imp. gals.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

In all cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co. New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

The Thana agent adds one anna to Bulk Oil price and Rs. 0-2-6 per case to above case oil prices.

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Order books supplied gratis on application to

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No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,600.

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OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI
Secretaries and Treasurers

CROMPTONS FANS.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 60 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 83 each.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 36 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 45 each.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FANS OBTAINABLE

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 14th August, 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Temperature has become normal.

The United Provinces.—No telegram has been received from Mainpuri. Cawnpore reports 0.37" of rain and Allahabad 1.05". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual and day temperature is in excess in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess at Bikaner and Jaipur; night temperature is above normal in lower Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Indore records 0.17" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Day temperature is in excess in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Hoshangabad has had 0.16", Chanda 0.32" and Raipur 1.39". Skies are moderately clouded. Day temperature is generally in excess.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general; Bombay has had 1.83", Ratnagiri 0.70", Marmugao 2.45" and Karwar 2.86". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—No telegram has been received from Aurangabad. Rainfall has been nearly general in the north Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad; Malegaon has had 1.46", Ahmednagar 0.36", Nizamabad 0.27" and Hyderabad 0.29". Skies are generally heavily clouded. Day temperature is in excess at a few stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has again appeared in the United Provinces, Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan and has increased in the Central Provinces, the Madras Deccan and on the Coromandel coast, but has ceased or been insignificant in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the south Bombay Deccan. It has been nearly general on the west coast of the Peninsula and the Coromandel coast and in Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan, fairly general in the Madras Deccan and probably the United Provinces, and local in Central India West, the Central Provinces and Mysore. The falls on the west coast continue fairly heavy.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and local rain in the Deccan, the Central and the south United Provinces and on the Coromandel coast.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m on FRIDAY, the 14th of August 1914.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8. A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Variation 1st June to Date
PERSIAN-ARBA—						
Bushire;	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (13th)	93.3	81.0	86	..	0.00	0.00
Jask	91.4	82.5	77	..	?	?
Muskat	86.3	82.4	83	..	0.53	0.36
Do. (13th)	84.8	79.4	81	..	0.53	0.36
PUNJAB—						
Multan	98.3	83.2	70	..	9.31	5.72
Rawalpind ;	92.7	71.8	76	..	?	?
Lahore	94.9	79.2	77	..	14.68	4.92
Sirsa	93.7	77.7	72	..	12.40	
Ambala	93.7	78.1	81	..	16.38	0.95
Delhi;	92.8		73	..	14.84	—0.68
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	95.3	81.1	61	..	21.53	5.66
Mainpuri	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi;	92.4	78.4	69	..	20.92	—1.80
Cawnpore	92.2	78.3	88	0.37	16.47	—2.57
Allahabad	89.4	76.8	87	1.05	30.80	9.70
SIND AND RAJPUTANA;						
Jacobad	106.1	83.8	72	..	4.43	2.49
Karachi;	87.5	80.8	75	..	6.20	1.13
Ajmer	95.8	77.4	71	..	16.66	—2.05
Jaipore	95.2	78.3	71	..	21.21	7.68
Kotah	93.6	79.8	70	..	19.47	2.52
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL IND A WEST— ;						
Bhuj	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dwarka	83.0	78.5	81	0.01	12.68	—2.13
Veraval	82.1	77.4	85	0.06	10.21	—3.05
Rajkot	87.3	74.5	89	0.04	18.37	—0.31
Bhavnagar Para	91.2	77.8	80	..	25.02	12.52
Surat	88.7	78.3	87	0.06	40.69	11.49
Ahmedabad	89.8	76.9	88	..	28.24	6.61
Deesa ;	93.1	76.7	79	0.01	20.17	4.57
Nosmuch	88.7	74.6	84	..	18.21	1.75
Indore	87.1	75.1	89	0.17	15.80	—3.46
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	89.1	76.5	84	0.02	29.59	—5.28
Saugor ;	87.8	73.6	81	..	24.71	—3.64
Hoshangabad	86.9	75.4	92	0.16	24.61	5.21
Khandwa	89.4	76.7	83	..	17.19	0.21
Akola	92.2	75.7	76	..	13.75	—5.02
Amraoti	91.9	75.1	86	..	12.94	—6.36
Nagpur	92.6	76.1	79	..	22.96	—5.33
Chanda	92.3	74.0	87	0.32	21.03	—9.94
Raipur	88.6	73.6	93	1.39	23.68	—6.14
KONKAN—						
Bombay	82.9	75.8	94	1.88	54.62	3.67
Ratnagiri	80.3	74.9	89	0.70	94.64	20.50
Mormugao	83.0	73.7	97	2.45	81.08	9.54
Karwar;	80.1	72.6	95	2.86	111.82	21.64
BOMBAY DECCANAND ; HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	91.9	73.2	86	1.46	13.36	2.58
Ahmednagar	85.9	69.5	84	0.36	10.17	0.59
Poona	82.8	70.3	89	0.03	22.44	8.34
Sholapur	89.0	72.7	88	..	14.41	3.30
Bijapur;	89.4	74.0	79	..	6.51	—0.42
Belgaum;	78.3	67.2	95	..	71.13	41.13
Aurangabad;	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nizamabad (Indur).	90.0	74.4	90	0.27	38.49	18.48
Hyderabad	86.2	68.7	90	0.29	23.29	9.73
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore ;	78.7	72.0	96	2.86	101.04	14.20
Calicat ;	77.2	73.1	98	0.71	77.60	2.84
Cochin	79.7	71.9	90	2.52	56.70	—1.18
Colombo	83.7	78.9	82	..	15.38	0.08
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	81.9	75.2	92	0.15	12.47	—1.28
Bellary	90.8	71.3	77	0.02	1.97	—2.78
Guddapah ;	86.4	72.5	93	1.22	10.23	0.42
Madras	91.7	74.0	98	1.23	7.70	—0.41
Bangalore	81.0	66.6	92	0.17	6.40	—2.93
Coimbator	88.1	69.7	85	..	2.74	—0.82
Trichinopoly	96.1	78.0	65	..	2.53	—1.50
Negapatam	96.5	74.1	89	0.15	3.33	—1.03

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 14.

The depression of the north Madras coast has strengthened the monsoon in the east of the Peninsula, weakened it in North-east India, the Bay monsoon is extending up the Gangetic plain.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Orissa, east United Provinces, east Central Provinces, west coast of the Peninsula, Hyderabad, Madras, Deccan and local in Burma, Bihar, Central India West, North Bombay Deccan, Mysore, South-east Madras, north Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Assam, Bengal, south Rajputana, Gujarat, west Central Provinces.

The chief amounts are:—Tavoy one inch; Toungoo three; Sambalpur one and a half; Allahabad one; Raipur one; Jagdalpur, Bombay and Marmagoa two; Karwar three; Melagaon one and a half; Raichur four; Hanamkonda three; Mercara two; Mangalore and Cochin three; Trivandrum, Madras and Cuddapah one; Nellore two; Gopalpur one and a half.

Forecast:—Increase of rain in north Madras coast.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 60 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 14th August 1914 was 29·883 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.13 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 60 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature or correction is needed. But for comparison at 60 F. all anerold reading should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial o aneriod for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by 0.10 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

Government Observatory, Colaba,

Bombay, August 13th 1914.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	29.693 inches.
Temperature of Air	78.8 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.6 ,,
Dew Point	75.8 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.905 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy-10)	9.2 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	82.9 ,,
Minimum do. do.	76.9 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.WNW
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	175 miles.
Fall of Rain	1.99inches.
Total fall during month	6.71 ,,
Total fall during year	54.67 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 14th	0.10 ,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tids in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is a Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week.	Day of month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Times	Depth on sill.	LOW WATER. Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	Aug.	h m.	ft. in.	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.
F	14	4 20 a	24 4	14	m 9 39	21 4
		m 3 46	24 9		10 31a	18
S	15	5 29	24 1	15	m 11 5	22 1
		m 4 35 a	24 1		11 45 a	18 8
S	16	7 10	24 2	16	m 1 27 a	17 2
		5 52 a	23 8			22 2
M	17	m 8 40	25 0	17	m 1 3	18 7
		7 23 a	23 8		2 39a	21 7
Tu	18	m 9 32	26 0	18	m 2 9	17 9
		8 49 a	24 4		3 32a	20 9
W	19	m 10 13	27 0	19	m 3 5	17 0
		9 50 a	25 4		4 15 a	19 8
Thu	20	m 10 50	27 11	20	m 3 54	16 2
		10 39 a	26 5		4 52 a	18 7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Aug.	Sunrise	Sunset
,, 14 (Friday)	,, 6h. 20m.	,, 7h. 8m.
,, 15 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 20m.	,, 7h. 7m.
,, 16 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 20m.	,, 7h. 7m.
,, 17 (monday)	,, 6h. 20m.	,, 7h. 6m.
,, 18 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 21m.	,, 7h. 6m.
,, 19 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 21m.	,, 7h. 5m
,, 20 (Thursday)	,, 6h 21m.	,, 7h. 4m.

PHASES OF MOON;—First quarter July 30th. 5h 21·0m a.m. Full Moon Aug. 6th 6h 20·7m a.m. Last quarter Aug. 14th 6ll 26 0 m a.m. New moon Aug. 21st 5h 26·5 m p. m.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVAL.

August 14th.

S.S. Clan Maclachlan McLean — Mauritius Aug. 3

DEPARTURES.

August 14th.

S.S. Clematis	Gunn	Port Said (for order) & middlesbrough
S.S. Kiri Maru	Tsuda	Kobe via Colombo
S.S. Chanda	Cunningham	Karachi
S.S. Caithness	Ridland	Calcutta

Friday, August 14th, 1914.

S. S. Clan Maclachlan:—The Clan Line steamer Clan Maclachlan, 3,008 tons, Captain J. E. McLean, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, which port she had left on August 3, with ballast.

S. S. Chanda:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chanda, 3,960 tons, Captain F. G. Cunningham, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a same bottom cargo.

S. S. Caithness:—The steamer Caithness, 2,222 tons, Captain J. Ridland, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with ballast.

S. S. City of Vienna:—The City Line steamer City of Vienna, arrived from Calcutta on the 12th instant.

S.S. Mashobra:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Mashobra, left Aden on the 12th instant.

P. DOCK.

SHED STEAMER	CAPT.	AGENTS
C. & R. Chakrata	Macfadyscn	M. M. & Co
F Clan Macdonold	Swethward	J. F. & Co
H. Griqua	Crome	W. & A. G. & Co
K. Swael	Abbey	T. M. & Co
M Paltana	Kipple	M. M. & Co
O Borderdale	Hay	J. F. & Co

V. DOCK.

1 Elysia	Kinnard	W. & A. G. & Co
2 Castalia	Mitchell	W. & A. G. &Co
6 Itaura	Chidley	M. M. & Co
7 Clan Macfarlane	Swanston	J. F. & Co
10 & 11 City of Lahore	McFee	K. N. & Co
12 & 13 India	Talbot	P. & O. S. N. Co
14 Lhasa	Manley	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Umballa	Gill	M. M. & Co
2 Sumatra	Brewis	A. S. N. & Co
3. Taiyabi	Kass	R. E. Colin & Co
4 Upada	Le Brocp	M. M. & Co
5 Purnea	Piggott	M. M. & Co
6. Nurani	Lewis	T. M. & Co
6 Itola	Butler	M. M. & Co
7 Baroda	Honscroft	M. M. & Co
8 Barpeta	Minett	M. M. & Co
14 Rahmani	Cusack	T. M. & Co

H. W P. D.

Satrunji	Ebram	
Netravati	Fakira	Bo. S N Co Ld.
Mahanadi	Ahmed	Bo. S. N. Co Ld

A. D. OFFSIDE No. 2

Sangola	Miln	M. M. & Co

M. W, D. D.

Koweit	Brewis	Arab Steamer

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Abydos	Davis	Bo. & A. S. N. & Co
Africanic	Kock	T. M. & Co
African	Monarch	Dakers
Angus	Layzell	
Bahadur	Dudley	T. M. & Co
Beekbergen	Mearden	T. M. & Co
Clan Farquhar	Wadge	J. F. & Co
Clan Maclachlan	McLean	J. F. & Co
Dwarka	King	M. M. & Co
Gramsbergen	Goot	T. M. & Co
Imani	Johnson	K. N. & Co
Itinda	Tucker	W. M. & Co
Java Maru	Fuchigama	N. Y. K
Mombasa	Smith	J. M. & Co
Manlu	Tinad	V. S. N Co
Meteor	Remmeen	W. & A. G. & Co
Netherlee	Bery	W. & A. G. & Co
Ozarda	Mils	M. M. & Co
Rheinfels	Weiksmann	W. & A. G. & Co
Salsette	Vine	P. & O. Co
Shwedagon	Creagh	J. B. P. & Co
Steenbergen	Yonge	K. M. & Co
Singu	Reid	S. W. & Co
Scottish Monarch	Dalzil	W. & A. G. & Co
Umona	Rivers	W. & A. G. & Co
Vasdura	Bova	J. F. & Co
Virawa	Smith	M. M. & Co
Warturn	Krull	W. & A. G. & Co
Zoroastrion	Osborne	C. M. & SoCo

R. I. M. Dookygrd.

Varela	Hodgson	M. M & Co

IMPORTS

Aug. 14.

S. S. Chakrata from London, Agents M. M. and Co.—3,225 casks 180 bags cement, 3 kegs sulphur, 1 case sulphuric acid, 100 drums disinfectant fluid, 200 kegs 8 cases gun powder, 120 cases blasting cartridges, 100 packages blasting powder, 12 bundles buckets, 1 case camphor, 13 cases quinine, 2 cases cigarettes, 5 cases coffee, 120 cases gin, 138 cases wine, 1 cask 10 cases whisky, 255 drums turpentine, 6 bundles 6 pieces brass bars, 8 bundles 4 pieces copper bars, 241 pigs lead, 40 drums 37 cases 100 casks oil, 50 drums engine oil, 4 cases essential oil, 2 cases hair oil, 55 cases 96 bales paper, 594 bales old newspaper, 56 cases 190 drums 6 casks 1,760 kegs paints and colours, 9 cases perfumery, 11 cases 6 packages confectionery, 59 cases sugar, 68 cases 5 casks 8 drums soap, 1,389 cases 2 bundles 4 boxes 6 bags 7 casks provisions and oilman stores, 2,223 casks tallow, 24 cases 28 barrels grease, 177 cases mineral water, 1 bale woollen goods, 3 cases cotton goods, 4 bales spun yarn.

S. S. Scottish Monarch from Calcutta, Agents W. and A. Graham and Co.—7,000 tons coal.

EXPORTS.

S. S. Okhla from Calcutta, Agents M. M. and Co.—478 bags rice, 88 casks tallow, 85 bales H. cloth, 38 bags sugar, 3 cases burugndy, 683 chests tea, 95 pigs lead, 30 cases biscuits, 37 bags pepper, 10 cases S. H. oil, 93 casks R. L. oil, 300 drums P. B. L. oil, 6,092 tons coal.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, August 13th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	1,400
,, ,, Imports	5,000
Mid. Americans	6.50d.
Egyptian F.G.F.	8.30d.

Liverpool Estimate Total sales discontinued.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, August 13th.

Good Bengal M. G.	..3	70/100
F. G. ,, ,,	..3	80/100
Fine ,, ,,	..3	95/100
Good Bhownuggur	..	Unquoted
F.G. ,,	..	
Fine ,,	..	
Fine M. G. Bhownuggur	..	
Good Oomra M. G.	..	
F.G. ,,	..	
Fine ,,	..	
Good M. G. Oomra	..4	55/100
Fine M. G. Oomra	..4	85/100
Good Broach	..5	45/100
F.G. ,,	..5	60/100
Fine ,,	..5	75/100
Good Khandeish	..	Unquoted
F.G. ,,	..	

THE BANK OF ENGLAND

London, August 13th.

The Bank of England rate of discount since 6th August 6%.

London Thursday Augnst 13.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following result.

	£		£
Total Bullion	..33,000,000	Dec.	55,00,000
Public Deposits	.. 7,750,000	,,	3,750,000
Other do.	..83,250,000	Inc.	26,255,000
Govt. Securities	..23,000,000	,,	12,000,000
Other Securities	..70,750,000	,,	5,750,000
Notes and Gold	..15,500,000	,,	5,500,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 17% of the liabilities.

BULLION.

London, 13th August 1914.

Amount of Bullion paid into the Bank of England £8,86,000,

BOMBAY MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 14.

To-day being a public holiday the banks and many of the markets here are closed. All business has been disorganized during the week owing to the war, and several of the markets have been entirely closed. Our report is in consequence considerably curtailed.

SHIPMENTS OF TREASURE.

The mail steamer which arrives here to-morrow brings from London:—

£120,000 Bar Silver.
£150,000 Bar Gold.
£10,000 Sovereigns.

The next mail steamer which arrives here brings from London:—

£40,000 Bar Silver.
£130,000 Bar Gold.
£10,000 Sovereigns.

COUNCIL BILLS.

The mail steamer which arrives to-morrow brings the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	1,50,000
Bombay	,,	1,00,000
Madras	,,	2,30,000
Total	,,	4,80,000

BANK OF BOMBAY STATEMENT.

The following is the position of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending Saturday last as compared with the previous week in lakhs and decimals.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.
	Inc.	Dec.
Public Deposits at Head Office	37.80	..
Public Deposits at Branches	..	7.02
Other Deposits	..	46.40
Post Bills	.02	..
Sundries	..	.10
ASSETS.		
overnment Securities	..	.58
ther Authorities	42.70	..
redits on Government and other Authorised Securities	..	..
Loans on do. do.	38.05	..
Bills discounted and purchased	131.47	..
Dead Stock	1.37	..
Stamps	..	..
Bullion	.77	..
Balances with other Banks	1.85	..
Sundries	..	.20
Cash	..	208.05

COTTON.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay as compared with the corresponding periods of the previous Season:—

Descriptions.	Week's Receipts	Total since 1st Sept. 1913.	Total. same time last year
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	1,656	474,816	273,190
Central India	Nil	258,780	96,371
Barsee and Nagar	Nil	299,110	121,061
Berar	822	511,259	449,187
Central Provinces	107	296,335	268,881
Total Oomras	2,585	1,840,290	1,208,690
Dholleras	292	423,674	234,642
Broach	Nil	400,058	292,760
Compta and Dhawar	1,427	223,706	205,319
Westerns	4,019	120,145	116,070
Bengals (N.W. Provinces)	316	484 509	347,542
Bengals (Rajputana)	348	158,495	144,989
Sind	534	61,749	118,851
Persian	Nil	1,128	3,065
American	Nil	2,305	34,354
Egyptian	Nil	1,718	2,517
Other sorts	Nil	1,280	4,913
Total	9,521	3,724,057	2,763,712

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales. 1913-14	Bales. 1912-13.	Bales. Differences.
Receipts for the week	9,521	6,499 plus	3,092
Receipts from 1st Sept. to 12th Aug.	3,724,057	2,763,712 plus	960,345
Shipments for the week Europe	550	15,112 —	14,562
China Japan and Coast Ports	1,179	21,066 —	19,887
Total	1,729	36,187 —	34,449
Total Shipment from 1st Sept. to 12th Aug.			
Europe	1,316,070	502,153 plus	813,917
China	29,887	43,218 —	18,331
Japan	1,204,613	956,422 plus	248,191
Coast Ports	23,220	29,551 —	6,331
Total	2,573,790	1,538,344 plus	1,037,446

Afloat in harbour Europe .. 5,948 10,740 — 4,793
China Japan and Coast Ports .. 455 950 — 495

Total export from Bombay by G.I.P. Railway from 1st Sept. to 1st August 1914, 15,108 Bales.

Total exports from B.B. & C.I. Railway from 1st Sept. to 25th July 1914, 6,366 Bales.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated stock on 1st Sept. 1913	625,000
Receipt from 1st Sept. 1913 to 12th. Augt.	3,724,057
	4,349,057
Less shipments from 1st Sept. 1913 to 12th Augt. 1914	2,573,790
	1,775,267
Less afloat in harbour	6,403
	1,768,864
Less estimated mill consumption and upcountry by rail	1,015,000
	753,864
Less estimated burnt	80,000
Stock in Bombay in all hands on morning of 13th Augt. 1914	673,864
Difference since last week	— 11,053

The Liverpool spot market for Americans and Egyptians is open, apparently for the sale of ready cotton at fixed rates on the basis of 6.50 for Mid. Americans and 8.30 for F. G. F. Egyptians. Information regarding the market is meagre, but the fact that the rates quoted have remained unchanged since the 7th instant, leads to the above conclusion. The daily sales reported in Liverpool are very small. The market for fresh business in futures is closed, but an arrangement for the settlement of outstanding transactions has been made. There is no news from the American markets and it is understood that they are entirely closed.

The local market, after having been closed for a few days, has re-opened but business is practically at a standstill. Local brokers and jobbers are doing a small business in "suttas," but all others are out of the market. Daily quotations for forward delivery are quite nominal and are no index of the actually position of the market. In ready cotton a small business has been done with local mills, but here again rates are nominal, and in most cases sellers and buyers are far apart.

Reports regarding the Indian crop are satisfactory, and in many places the weather during the past week has been beneficial. In the present state of the market the condition of the crop is, however, of little importance.

To-day the local market is closed. Good Broach is quoted nominally, in the bazaar, Rs. 231.

LOCAL YARNS.

The market during the week has been quiet and few transactions are reported. Owing to the war China exporters are out of the market, and prices for some counts are 1/8 to ¼ anna lower. Any enquiry has run on 10's, 12's and 20's.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

These markets have been closed during the past week.

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal food Grains into Bombay for the week ending at 6 p.m. yesterday.

Cotton	9,521Bales
Wheat	88,227Cwts.
Linseed	38,220 ,,
Rape, Rai etc	836 ,,
Gingellyseed	Nil. ,,
Poppyseed	1,586 ,,
Groundnuts	2,287 ,,
Castorseed	15,759 ,,
Rice	129,204 ,,
Myrabolams	4,142 ,,
Cottonseed	33,025 ,,
Mowraseed	16,815 ,,
Gram	9,678 ,,
Jowar	8,605 ,,
Maize	Nil. ,,
Barley	455 ,,

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's rates for the Standard Oil Coy's brands:—

		Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake Brand	150o Amer	6	0	2	per case
White Rose	Brand 150o	5	12	2	,,
Chester	,, 75o	5	2	2	,,
Devoe's Imp. Brt.	,, 76o	5	0	2	,,
Monkey	,, 125o	4	15	2	,,
Tiger	,, 125°	4	15	2	,,
White Camelia in tins	,, 125o	4	6	0	per 2tins
Elephant Bulk in tins	,, 125o	4	6	0	per 2tins
Elephant Bulk without tins	,, 125o	3	12	0	per Imp. Gal.
Camel in tin	,, 125o	4	6	0	per 2tins

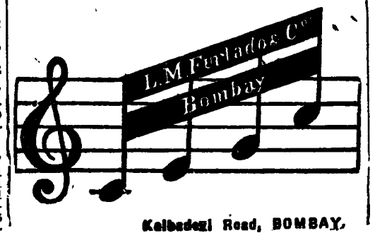
The following are to-day's rates for the Burmah Oil Co., Ltd., products:—

Bazaar rates Delivery charges extra.

			Rs.	as.	p.
Kerosine Oil	Waterlily	per case of 2tin	5	4	0
,, ,,	Firefly	,, ,, ,,	5	1	0
,, ,,	Chaker	per two tins.	4	6	0
,, ,,	,,	per 8 gallons	3	12	0
,, ,,	Victoria	per two tins	3	11	6
,, ,,	,,	per 8 gallons	3	1	6
Burmah Wax	1st quality,	per pound	0	4	0
,, ,,	2nd	,, ,, ,,	0	3	0
Candles per pound			0	4	6

The following are to-day's rates for the Asiatic Petroleum Co., Limited brands:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
RisingSunBrandBulkLoose per 8 Ip.Gl.	3	14	0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	4	8	0
Deer Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	12	0
Deer Brand New Tins per pair	4	6	0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	7	6
Bull Brand New Tins per pair	4	1	6
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	2	6
Swan Brand New Tins per pair.	3	12	6
Anchor Tins per pair	4	9	0
Rising Sun Cases per case	4	15	0
Anchor Cases per case	5	1	0

CHEAPEST HOUSE FOR MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

By Appointment to H. H. THE MAHARAJA

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PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.

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Prices: Extremely Moderate.

A Pocket Manual "The Human Eye and its Scientific Correction."

FREE ON APPLICATION.

SANJIVANI PILLS.

Best Tonic

BOTH FOR YOUNG & OLD.

A trial bottle free

SAPAT & Co.

Chemists,

Kalbadavi Road, BOMBAY.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE ROYAL YAKUTI

(ANANG VILAS.)

THIS YAKUTI or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the French horn as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARSEE necessary.

DR. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, RAJKOT, KATHIAWAR.

THE BEST SOAP FOR INDIA.

A bath with Arbos Camphor Soap is a boon to the residents of India.

It is disinfective and has a marvellous effect on itches, ring-worms, etc.

CAN BE HAD AT ALL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

Sole Agent.—T. HARA, 5, Taj Building, Hornby Road BOMBAY.

"Sub Agents.—A. H. NASER & Co., No 2, Peerbhoy Building, Princess St.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Poona Races, 3rd Day.

TO-DAY

Gaiety Theatre, Bandmann Rickard Vaudeville Co. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-60 and 10 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road. 7 to 8-15 8-30 to 9-45, and 10 to 11-15.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Rd., 7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.
Olympia Cinematograph. Sandhurst Road. 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30.

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BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes V.D. Commanding.

Aug. 13.

244. Corps Parade.—There will be a Corps Parade for Infantry drill on Saturday evening next 15th instant.
Parade at Headquarters at 5 p.m.
All members not on duty will attend.
245. Corps Parade.—There will also be a Corps Parade for Rifle Exercises and Infantry drill on Sunday morning the 16th instant.
Fall in at Headquarters at 8 a.m.
All members not on duty will attend.
246 Resignation.—The undermentioned having resigned is struck off the strength of the Corps from to-days date:—
No. 1569 Gunner A. Mullett No. 1 Company.
247. Guard.—The Colaba Guard is discontinued, from to-day date until further orders.
(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM Capt. R.A.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes V. D.Commanding.

August, 14.

244. Corps Parade. There will be a Corps for Infantry Drill on Saturday.
evening next 15th instant.
Parade at Head-Quarters at 5 p.m.
All members not on duty will attend.
Dress:—Uniform with Caps.
245. Corps Parade. There will also be a Corps Parade for Rifle Exercises and Infantry drill on Sunday morning the 16th instant.
Fall in at Head-Quarters at 8 a.m.
All Members not on duty will attend.
Dress:—Uniform with Helmets.
248. Parades. No. 1 Company. Detachments warned for Mahaluxmi Parade at Head-Quarters at 7-45 a.m.
No. 2 Company. Detachments warned for Mahaluxmi will Parade at Grant Road Station at 8-10 a.m.
(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM, Captain R. A.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut-Colonel P. R. Cadell, Commanding.

Aug. 15.

619. Musketry. The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—
Sunday 16th Inst.—"G" Coy. Recruits.
Monday 17th Inst.—"D" Coy. Class Firing.
Tuesday 18th Inst.—"G" Coy. Class Firing.
Wednesday 19th Inst.—Any Coy. Class Firing.
Thursday 20th Inst.—"G" Coy. Class Firing.
Friday 21st Inst.—Any Coy. Class Firing.
Saturday 22nd inst.—Any Coy. Class Firing.
Sunday 23rd Inst. "G" Coy. Class Firing.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.
620. Parade.—"E" Company (Cyclist) will parade every Tuesday and Thursday each week (until further notice) at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6-30 p.m. prompt.
Dress.—Uniform Drill Order with caps.
II.—"E" (Cyclist) will parade every Sunday at 7 a.m. (until further notice) for ride-outs.
III.—"F" Company will parade at Head-Quarters B. V. Rifles as follows:—
Saturday 15th Inst.—Recruits parade at 6-30 p.m. Sunday 16th Inst.—Recruits and N. C. O's at 8 a.m.
621 Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range will be open for practice this Saturday afternoon at 3 p.m.
622 Parade.—The Cadet Battalion will parade as strong as possible at Head-Quarters, Council Road, on Monday the 17th Inst.
Dress:—Uniform, Helmets. Fall in at 6 p.m.
623 Parade.—The Battalion (less cadet Coys.) will parade as strong as possible on Wednesday the 19th Instant at Head-Quarters, Council Road, at 6-15 p.m.
Dress,—Drill Order, Helmets.
624 Promotion.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotion, in "G" Company:—
No. 6384 Vol. A. Geddes, to be Lance Corporal.
625 Leave.—No. 6692 Drummer J. Correa is granted leave of absence from 12th August to 11th September 1914.
(Sd.) O. T. MacR. LECKIE, Captain.
Offg. Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. S. M. Thomason V.D., and Officers, the string Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, at Bombay Gymkhana this evening, commencing at 6-15 p.m.
Characteristique. "The Teddy Bears Picnic." Bratton.
Overture .....The Golden Lyre .....Hermann
Scherzo (Piccolo) .....Sylvia .....Thiere.
Spanish Valse .....Santiago .....Corbin
Selection .....Il Trovatore .....Verdi.
Gavotte .....Confidences .....Wesly.
American Sketch ...Down South ...Myddleton.
The Belgian National Anthem.

BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

SPECIAL SERMON.

The New Hall-August, 16th, 6-30 p.m.
"Armageddon," when-where-how?
Public Welcome—
Opposite Watson's Annexe-Apollo Bunder.
3557

THE PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the weekly Divine Service at the local Prarthana Mandir Girgaon at 5-30 p.m., to-morrow.

A PUBLIC LECTURE.

The 11th public lecture of the Aryan Excelsior League will be delivered to-morrow at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.), in the New English School, Kashi Baug, near C. P. Tank by Mr. T. A. Kulkarni B.A., S.T.C.D. upon "Elocution."

YOUNG MEN'S EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY.

Mr. S. K. Brambandkar, M.A., will deliver a lecture in English in the Keliwadi Marathi School Hall, to-morrow, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on "Burke and his Philosophy," Mr. Nayansukhlal Harilal Pandia, M.A., L.L.B., has kindly consented to preside.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

During the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m. on Friday, 1 attack of plague (Sion) and 2 attacks and 2 deaths from cholera, were recorded in Bombay City. There were no cases of small-pox. The total mortality in the City from all causes in the above period was 70, as compared with 82 of the corresponding period of 1913 and 109 of 1912.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood Prof. N. S. Takakhav, M. A., will deliver a public lecture to-morrow 6-15 p.m., in the Prarthana Mandir Hall on "Pliny the Younger." Mr. Gunpat Sadashiv Rao. M. A., LL. B. has kindly consented to preside. On Sunday the usual classes of the Brotherhood will meet at their respective places and at 9. a.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

The Telegraph Notification dated the 13th instant refers to inland telegrams only. No code or abbreviated addresses is allowed in foreign telegrams.

FIRE IN ESPLANADE ROAD.

A fire broke out yesterday morning in the offices of Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, who occupy the second floor of a building opposite the University Gardens, in Esplanade Road. An alarm was immediately raised, and the Fort engine, under Mr. Williams, quickly repaired to the scene, followed by the Colaba engine. Mr. Williams ascertained that the fire was due to the fusing of an electric wire and he put out tht flames with a few kucketsful of water, having first cut the wire. The damage is estimated at Rs. 200.

FEDERALISM AND FINANCE.

Lord Charnwood's article in "The Contemporary Review" on "The Federal Solution" will help many to appreciate some of the complexities with which the subject is involved, says the "Review of Reviews," and if the general public is to be interested in the matter it is desirous that some measure be drafted to enable reasonable understanding of the drastic change in our constitution. As Lord Charnwood points out:—

A scheme for the distribution of powers on general lines could without great difficulty be set out in detail, with legal precision in defining the subjects in which the provincial legislatures should have powers, or the subjects in which they should not have powers, whichever method of statement may be preferred. The main effect of such a scheme may briefly be said to be that the provincial legislatures would be able to deal with nearly the whole of the domestic subjects which now occupy much of the time of Parliament or engage attention in elections, while the Imperial Parliament and Government would be free to devote most of their attention to Imperial concerns, including the great Imperial object of raising and spending in the best way the money required for the most expensive services of the State. . . .

The question concerning Home Rule all round which presents the most real difficulty, though it is a difficulty for experts which the public will not believe to be insoluble, cannot be discussed within the present limits, but two remarks upon it may be permitted in conclusion. Difficult as it may be to devise a satisfactory financial system for a comprehensive scheme of Home Rule, the difficulty is is in some ways less than arises in regard to the finance of Home Rule for Ireland alone. Considerable disadvantages, no doubt, attach to the setting up of a further complication in our financial system, but these disadvantages should be more than counterbalanced by the supreme advantage that legislators and Governments, no longer overburdened and distracted, will be able to turn some part of their attention to the neglected interest of economy.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, the 12th August, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's, Victoria and Alexandra Docks.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMATOGRAPH.

To those who love the unravelling of a plot the film here this week will surely prove a draw. Black Jack, the cracksman, steals the pearl necklace, and its recovery makes one of the most fascinating detective stories one could wish to see. It carries the onlooker through the thousand and one ups and downs, the result of a heart-rending intrigue, the unravelling of which is not reached until the last fall of the curtain. The story aptly illustrates the saying "Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned," for the slight Black Jack puts on Heloise his sweetheart rouses her jealousy, and it is mainly through her aid he is finally captured. There is also on the bill "Max's Melodrama," "Billy and the Potted Cat," "A Trip in Southern India," "Pathe's Gazette" and "A Dog's Fidelity." A bumper programme truly.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

A drama of circus-life, "The Fruits of Vengeance," is to be presented here from to-night. It is the story of a jealous man who, in his mad attempt to wreck vengeance upon another, loses his own life. We are shown some very thrilling feats on the tight-rop, and both the acting and staging of this fine drama are of a high order. Another good drama, which will be of special interest at this juncture, is "Lieut. Rose and the Stolen Battleship," in which is shown how a brave naval officer recovers a battleship which has been captured by pirates. In this picture we get an idea of modern warfare, in the air as well as on land and sea.

NATURAL AND RATIONAL SELECTION.

The characteristics that distinguish man as a self-conscious being, and the possession of them, explains G. C. Henderson, of the University of Adelaide, in "The International Journal of Ethics," place human beings in a relation to nature and natural law essentially different from that of the animals. It may be a natural law that water will find its own level; but man can make it flow up hill. He can do so because he has the power to invent and control means which enable him to fight and overcome the natural process. So, in like manner, Natural Selection may be the principle of progress in the organic world; but in human history or evolution the process of Rational Selection is continually in conflict with it, and is gradually being substituted for it.

Natural selectio is a blind, mechanical process; rational selection, on the contrary, is open-eyed and purposive. This does not mean, of course, that human life is free from mechanism; on the contrary, there is plenty of machinery and routine in both individual and organised life. What it mans is that human beings are dimly or clearly conscious of the ends which they are striving to attain; and as self-conscious beings, endowed with reason, they have the power of choosing the most suitable means for attaining their ends. Now, in this distinction between blind and purposive evolution, we have the fundamental difference between organic and human evolution, and several consequences of the highest importance follow from it.

In the first place, human progress may be very much more rapid than the progress of animals or plants, especialy when by much education or scientific inquiry the intellectual faculties have been quickened and sharpened. In the second place, while the process of natural selection is cruel and murderous, the process of rational selection may be humane. Under rational selection, the struggle for existence may take the form of a struggle between ideas and policies, not necessarily involving a life and death struggle between men at all. Survival of one idea may involve the extinction of a competitive idea, but both individuals and nations who are content to submit their differences to judgment or arbitration may survive. Persuasion does the work in the one that is done by brute force in the other.

FOUR AGES OF MAN.

Mr. William de Morgan, who celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday recently, and who began to write his first book, "Joseph Vance," when he was sixty-four, has given the following impressions of a man's outlook on life at the ages stated:—

Age 25.—Impulsive, intolerant, jumps to hasty conclusions, has no more judgment than he had at eighteen, believes his seniors are wrong, and is convinced that he knows things they never thought of.

Age 35.—Becoming more cautious, but still wanting in tolerance and experience, inclined to be hasty and easily influenced.

Age 45.—Still a young man, less impulsive, more forbearing, not easily impressed, but still impatient and liable to form narrow judgments.

Age 55 to 65.—Judgment at its best. Most capable of taking a sane, impartial view of things, and acting with a calm deliberation born of a long life and experience.

A CALL TO COMMON-SENSE.

Diet should have its place in human affairs, and I agree that the average man does not pay nearly enough attention to the question of food. I believe he would eat ten-penny nails if his doctor advised him to do so. But there is a happy medium between the average man and the average Vegetarian which all men must observe if they are to retain their sanity. The average man is criminally indifferent, the average Vegetarian is idiotically "cranky." There are "Wallaceite" cranks, "Uric-acid free" cranks, "Two meals a day" cranks, "No-breakfast" cranks, "Unfired food" cranks, "Fruit and nut" cranks, "No salt" cranks, and a host of others whose precise names have, for the nonce, slipped my memory. Now, the normal man is gifted with a sense of humour, and cranks, to whatever school they belong, are very precious to him. He would not be without them for worlds. But though they appeal to his sense of humour, they do not appeal to anything else that is in him. He simply laughs at them. —Mr. Spencer Baker, in "The Vegetarian Messenger."

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

BYCULLA CLUB BEAT BOMBAY GYM.

FINE INNINGS BY PHILLIPS.

The important holiday fixture between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Byculla Club came off on Friday on the Esplanade, resulting in a win for the latter by 16 runs. Both teams included several well-known players. The visitors who were skippered by P. R. Cadell, included Sir F. Sprott, the veteran Presidency cricketer. H. L. Simms, the Sussex amateur, and A. H. S. Aston, while F. J. Clarke, a Presidency veteran and C. T. MacLaren were among the members of the Gymkhana team, which was captained by G. C. Phillips. The Byculla Club going in to bat first put up the respectable total of 153, to which the Gymkhana replied with a total of 137, thus losing the match by 16 runs. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon, who arrived shortly after 2 p.m., watched the game with keen interest and left at 4 p.m. Their Excellencies did the teams the honour of lunching with them.

The outstanding feature of the day's play was the fine batting of the Gymkhana skipper, Phillips, who contributed 47 by sound cricket. His batting presented a fine combination of stubborn defence and great powers of punishment. He hit all round the wicket, though he made most of his runs by clean, hard driving. His innings, which included five 4's, was not entirely without blemish. He nevertheless played fine cricket and he deservedly received an ovation on his return to the pavilion. The other fine innings of the day were contributed by Powell, Baker, McCormack, Sprott, Simms and Hurlbutt, who contributed 31, 30, 26, 25, 24 and 23 respectively. The bowling honours of the day were carried off by Nicholson for the Bombay Gymkhana and Simms for the Byculla Club. The former captured 6 wickets for 50 runs, while the Sussex amateur had the still more remarkable analysis of 9 wickets for 49 runs.

DETAILS OF THE PLAY.

The Byculla Club did not open well, losing Pechey with the total only at 2, and the second wicket had added 17 only, when Aston, a fast, run-getting bat, was out to an extremely difficult catch in the slips by Nicholson off Clarke. Then however came a pretty long stand by Simms and Hurlbutt, who took the total to 51 at the fall of the third wicket. The fourth wicket only realised 11, but a subsequent stand by Sprott and Baker added 43 for the fifth wicket. The remaining six wickets added only 48, and the whole side were thus out for 153. The style in which Sprott knocked up his 25 showed that this veteran's hand had lost none of its old cunning.

The Bombay Gymkhana made an equally inauspicious start, Simms getting past MacLaren's defence with the total only at 6, Keith and McCormack then took the total to 28 for the second wicket and the next two added only 10 to the total. Then came the longest stand of the day, Phillips and Powell taking the score from 38 at the fall of the fourth wicket to 117 at the fall of the fifth. This great stand realised 79. The tail however did not wag strongly, and the last six wickets added only 20, the innings thus terminating with the total at 137.

BYCULLA CLUB.

A. H. S. Aston, c Nicholson, b Clarke...	9
W. P. Pechey, b Clarke	2
H. L. Simms, c and b Nicholson	24
D. G. Hurlbutt, c and b Nicholson	23
Sir F. L. Sprott, c Bunbury, b Rennick...	25
C. D. Baker, b Rennick	30
P. R. Cadell (Capt.), l.b.w., b Nicholson.	5
N. Kemp, b Phillips	3
R. Marrs, c Powell, b Nicholson	6
H. MacNaughton, c Hamilton, b Nicholson	0
N. Medley, st. Keith, b Nicholson	8
E. Coombs, not out	7
Extras	11
Total	153

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

C. T. MacLaren, b Simms	2
H. Keate, c Baker, b Kemp	5
K. McCormack, c and b Simms	26
G. C. Phillips (Capt.), st. Hurlbutt, b Simms	47
R. P. Stoneham, c Hurlbutt, b Marrs....	2
S. N. Powell, c Kemp, b Simms	32
C. N. Rennick, hit wicket, b Simms	0
E. M. F. Nicholson, b Simms	3
E. J. Bunbury, l.b.w., b Simms	0
J. Hamilton, not out	5
F. J. Clarke, b Simms	2
H. L. Cass, b Simms	2
Extras	11
Total	137

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

BYCULLA CLUB INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Clarke	7	25	0	2
Nicholson	17	50	4	6
Stoneham	4	16	0	0
Phillips	6	4	2	1
Powell	2	16	0	0
Rennick	10	31	1	2

BOMBAY GYMKHANA INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Simms	18	49	3	9
Kemp	7	17	2	1
Marrs	11	34	2	1
Baker	3	10	0	0
Aston	2	16	0	0

An Arrah correspondent writes as follows:—All courts are astir with the news that the Maharani Saheba of Rewah has just filed a civil suit valued at 4 crores in the first court of the subordinate judge of Shahabad against Maharaja Kesho Pershad Singh of Dumraon claiming the raj for herself. The plaint covers about 200 pages of type-written matter. It is reported that some of the leading counsel and vakils of the Calcutta bar have already been engaged

OPINIONS OF THE DAY

Germany's War Cry.

"The Sind Gazette":—A German military proclamation concludes: "If God vouchsafes victory, then *vae victis*!" If we may still trust an often unfaithful memory our recollecion is that this Latin interjection comes from Livy. The great Roman historian might be excused, if guilty, for delivering himself on behalf of his proud country of this barbarously brutal sentiment, because he penned the wild wards at least 25 years before Christ was born. But that in the twentieth century of the Christian era a Christian nation, while piously uttering the name of God, should declare. "If we win, *vae victis*! Woe to the vanquished! It will be a war of extermination!"—that anywhere in Christendom such a battle-cry should go up—may well set us wondering what fundamental moral difference exists between modern civilisation and primitive savagery. However, the world must perforce take Germany at her word; and in a spirit not of hatred but of justice we ourselves may also exclaim *vae victis*!

Germany's Misuse of Nature's Gifts.

"Amrita Bazar Patrika":—One great redeeming feature of the war is the complete isolation of Germany. She is engaged in a death struggle with practically the whole world. There is not a single country which has a good word for her. On the other hand every one is condemning her aggressive behaviour. The war cannot thus continue long and is bound to end in her utter crippling and humiliation. Possibly she will have to disgorge Lorraine and Alsace to France and lose all her colonial possessions in Asia and Africa, and also pay heavy damages to her victorious enemies. God can bear many things but not boastful pride. Hence the Hindus have named Him "the darpahari Bhagwan" or the Vanquisher of the haughty. Germany is suffering from what is called "swelled head," and she is bound to fall. That is the law of Nature. What a pity! Germany is thrice blessed. This is admitted both by her friends and foes. No country of late has done so much for the onward progress of humanity as she. In the development of science, arts, literature, philosophy, industry and trade, she holds the foremost place among the civilized nations. But how unworthily is she going to misuse the high gifts which God has showered on her! Her mission is to elevate herself and her fellow-beings more and more in the scale of civilization: what she is going to do is to dig a grave for herself in the battle-field after having waded through a sea of human blood!

The Circulation of Gold.

"The Madras Mail":—Mr. Brigstocke's Report affords some evidence for a belief which we have always held that gold and rupees will only circulate side by side with considerable difficulty, and that the gold will constantly be liable to leakage. In certain Bombay Districts there is said to be a distinct distaste for silver, "which even the most ignorant cultivator knows to be worth much less than its face value." It is exactly what was to be expected. Of the two varieties of coin, which will constantly be returned into circulation? The rupee. And which will as constantly be retained as long as possible? The sovereign. Wherever the individual has a choice, he will keep the gold and pass on the silver. It is a phenomenon similar to that long ago observed in the most diverse countries, and formulated by economists under the name of Gresham's Law. We cannot expect anything else. Now what effect has this upon the exchange? We cannot understand the position of those who argue that a sovereign in circulation is as good for purposes of supporting the rupee as a sovereign in the Gold Standard or the Currency Reserve. It seems to us absolutely certain that gold in circulation is available for export only in quantities far smaller than the total so circulating, while gold in reserves is as clearly available down to the last unit. What, then, should be the policy of Government? Surely to encourage the use of silver and Notes, especially of Notes, and impound as much gold as they can possibly get hold of. In that case, the concessions made by Government to the noisy outcries of Mr. M. de P. Webb were mere weakness due to an inability on the part of the late Finance Member, Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, to grasp the elements of the situation.

RAILWAYS BREACHES ON E.B.S.R.

(Associated Press.)

COOCH BEHAR, Aug. 14.

At the places breached between Cooch Behar and Baneswar on the E. B. S. Railway a transhipment of all trains being effected. Through communication is expected to be restored by Sunday.

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Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

PETTY—At their residence, No. 19, Rippon Lane on the 11th inst., Sybil Alice Holland Petty, dearly beloved daughter of Mrs. and Mr. S. H. Petty, aged 7 months, 29 days. Thy will be done.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, August 15, 1914.

REAPING THE WHIRLWIND.

In order to gain a clear understanding of the tremendous difficulties that lie before Germany in her conduct of the present campaign, a close examination of the trend and features of her home policy is essential. Germany's foreign and home policies are intimately connected, reacting on each other and revealing political chasms of sinister aspect and possibilities. In one of the two parts of his remarkable book "Imperial Germany," published at the beginning of this year, to which we had occasion to refer in these columns yesterday, Prince Buelow deals with home policy almost entirely from the standpoint of its bearings upon the position of his country as a world-power. The Prince . . f course, a strong upholder of Ger . . expansion, and his conception of the perfect German State is the reverse of democratic. Naturally he falls foul of all those parties, especially the Social Democrats, who do not approve of a destructive militarist policy, which is the natural consequence of monarchical absolutism. Prince Buelow pours out his wrath on these "enemies of the national idea," relegating them with sublime scorn into the last circle of his political Inferno. None the less, he is gravely alarmed at the rapid growth of Social Democracy as one of the German political parties. The figures we gave yesterday enable us to realise to some extent its marvellous development, but they do not adequately convey the strength and solidarity of the movement; he will allow these exponents of the new political thought in Germany, where the governing classes still cling to feudal traditions, neither to guide nor to govern. He does not believe in the parliamentary system as a panacea for political or social ills, and, holding to the mediaeval conception of the monarchy, will have nothing to say to any system under which the executive government must stand or fall according to whether it can or cannot command a parliamentary majority. But, however, opposed the Prince may be to any policy of conciliation with the Social Democrats, they have undoubtedly come to stay, and daily the schism between the Monarchy and Social Democracy, as it is understood in Germany, is getting wider and wider. Unity, of course, may seemingly be secured for a while in the presence of a probable national cataclysm, but the main lines of the policy of the Social Democrats are likely to be pursued with continued success, and its course will, as far as it is possible to predict, be marked even during the course of the present war by an ever-spreading fire of anger which may ultimately envelope the monarchy itself and change the entire fabric of the Germanic system.

In an article in the March number of the "Nineteenth Century," which may be read with more than ordinary interest at this crisis, Lord Cromer examined the possibilities of Social Democracy as a political force in Germany. While not agreeing altogether with Prince Buelow's denunciation of unconventional and unwelcome political ideas, which naturally militate against the conventional German ideal of a vainglorious patriotism, Lord Cromer is, nevertheless, disposed to look askance at Social Democracy or Socialism as a menace to the monarchical form of Government. In the peculiar conditions that prevail in Germany, it is doubtless a menace to the absolutism of the Kaiser's Government. True Socialism is indeed a distintegrating force, but it is not necessarily destructive, except of what are unquestionably wrongs to humanity, obsolete, archaic, or unsuitable to what may be termed political modernism. In England, too, Socialism has made a considerable advance during the last few years. but British Socialists are none the less true patriots. At any rate, in England we are not in dread of Socialism as a political factor, the sterling English commonsense declining to regard it as other than a progressive pacific force, destined to make wider yet the bounds of English freedom. One thing, however, is clear. No European conflagration would have been precipitated had the Social Democratic party in Germany, which, it should be remembered, has drawn into its ranks many men who in England would have found all they wanted in Liberalism, had even a small voice in the counsels of the Kaiser's Government. The present war must be regarded as the German Emperor's own, supported by the Chancellor and the war party, who have long sought for a pretext for breaking the peace of Europe. The German Emperor's favourite role is that of the Bundesfeldherr, or Federal Commander-in-Chief of the whole German Army. In this spectacular pose as the War-Lord of Europe he has succeeded, through a superb conceit combined with a policy of pin-pricks, in making Germany hated throughout Europe. Leaving France aside, the traditional friends of Germany are year by year becoming more anti-German. Racial animosity in Europe has at last taken a Germonophobe turn. It would be idle to deny that for the last few years Germany has been universally recognised as the greatest menace to European peace, and everywhere every Government has not hesitated to counter the policy of the Kaiser whenever possible.

Thus has the breach been widened between the peoples of Europe, German designs both in Europe and Asia being deliberately calculated to come into conflict with the rightful interests of other nations, particularly Russia. In Asia Minor the appointment of General Liman von Sanders a noted Russophobe, unchained a storm of protest in Russia, which subsided only after the General's functions were modified. Again, the attempt of the Deutsche Bank to make the Russian Putiloff Works its debtor was treated as an unfriendly act by the Russian people and the French, and not only was that scheme foiled, but an order was issued disqualifying subjects of the Kaiser from occupying any post in those works. By systematic cultivation of hostility the Kaiser, carefully sowed the wind. He will now have to reap the whirlwind.

IMMATURE AGRARIAN LEGISLATION.

If there be one invaluable lesson more than another which history, from times the most ancient, teaches us it is the importance of enacting wise and well-considered laws that shall endure. The spirit of law implies the fundamental organisation of the safety and welfare of a people in whose behalf the machinery of legislation is forged. For the realisation of that juridical spirit is required the precedent condition of extensive experience, wide knowledge of human nature, and penetrating sagacity to distinguish between what may be good and enduring and what may be provocative of distress and discontent leading to disturbance and strife. "Shepherds of State" need to be constantly reminded of this objective of every law, or in other words of the greatest good of the greatest number. Oligarchies have never succeeded, because their constant aim has been to legislate for the interests of a class against those of the commonwealth. The experience of centuries has taught modern civilised nations that the fundamental basis of good government is the enactment of wise laws which satisfactorily meet the wants and wishes, the legitimate aspirations and ambitions of a people. No laws, be the Government what it may,—autocratic or democratic, oligarchical or republican,—demand more mature consideration and wider experience than those which vitally affect the welfare of the vast masses of population who pursue the agricultural industry. Thus it is that from historic times agrarian laws have come to be enacted with extreme caution and consummate statesmanship. Where those two elements have been wanting the masses have either passively or actively resented them. What is known as "the rebellion of the belly" is in reality nothing but the rising of vast masses of exasperated agriculturists, who alone by their labour create wealth, against bad laws.

Agragrian legislation in India under British rule, has not always been directed by consummate statesmanship, or by a knowledge of the true interests of those in whose behalf the machinery of the law is put into motion. The beneficent intentions of the legislators may be readily admitted. But such intentions have had for their basis no solid ground of experience, much less of sagacity, and farsightedness as to the ultimate result of their laws on the contentment and welfare of the agriculturists. The latter in this country are the backbone of the Government. The land revenue is the main pillar of the general revenue. And yet, if there is an outcry periodically against the burden of any revenue it is that of land, however short-sighted economists and official apologists may attempt to mislead the public, and by specious arguments and more specious statistics demonstrate that the incidence of land revenue is only one shilling and eight pence per head of the population. It has been frequently contended by the critics of the land revenue policy of the Government that it is a great deal more, because local and indirect and provincial taxation is left alone in official computation. Be that as it may. But, assuming that the incidence is as light as alleged, what is the condition of the bulk of the peasantry to-day, with the somewhat larger prices the ryots are said to obtain for their agricultural products, though even this part of agricultural economics demands qualification when considered with the great rise, *pari passu*, in the price of food and cost of living? How is it that with a light incidence they remain so impoverished? What is the true significance of our co-operative credit societies for agricultural amelioration? Is it not implied that their condition is as bad as could be possibly conceived and that an improvement. may be effected with the aid of those societies? The question has been put time out of number why the Indian peasantry remain so impoverished from year's end to year's end? The complacent official answer is that they are no worse than the peasantry in many parts of the world. We need not pause to prove the fallacy of this answer, which is no answer at all. The actual condition of the peasantry generally in the world may be what is said. The fact may be admitted. But the question still remains *why is it so?* We have to trace to the root the cause of this impoverishment. We venture to say that, when the cause is thoroughly and judicially investigated, it will be found in the unstatesmanlike character of our agrarian legislation. The Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act was passed thirty-five years ago to relieve the appalling condition of indebtedness of the ryot in the four worst cities, namely, Poona and Ahmednagar, Satara and Sholapur. It was the agrarian riots there, as an aftermath of the famine of 1876-77, which was the immediate reason of that legislation. It was only a fractional part or a branch of the entire system of land legislation which includes the law relating to land revenue assessment and the innumerable regulations under it, which have been in force in various provinces from time to time. Now in the present Report of the Deccan Agriculturists' Commission, we have a striking instance of the failure of agrarian legislation on which we have commented. The legislation has been proved to be a great failure after a full and fair trial of thirty-five years. This failure we attribute to the lack of wide experience, economic sagacity, statesmanship, and, above all, of a knowledge of human nature, which the legislators of 1879 displayed, to say nothing of their obstinacy in ignoring the warnings of practical men who even then predicted the ill-success of the enactment.

Consider the following pregnant observation of Messrs. Arthur and Bodas, the indefatigable members of the Commission, in reference to the Act of 1879 which they have now justly overthrown. "There can be little doubt that in its present form the Act tends to demoralise the agriculturist, to flood the courts with false evidence, and to render titles to land insecure." This has been the accumulated result of the ill-fated Act, as discovered, on the basis of a vast mass of evidence recorded by the Commission. We are not surprised at it. In paragraph 17 of the Report it is observed: "The Act has been fruitful in a contest of dishonesty, in which that side is likely to gain the upper hand which is prepared to go furthest in perjury and in the production of false evidence." What a frightful revelation of the operations of the Act, The regret is that in the face of case after case in the law courts for years past of fraud, chicanery, perjury, and what not, the Government should have till late remained unmoved. No wonder, as the Commission is constrained to say, distrust has been engendered on both sides, and that the honest ryot and *sowcar* have suffered alike. Perhaps no legislation in this Presidency during the last thirty years has been proved to be so disastrous and demoralising in its operation as this Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act, save, the equally ill-advised, if not vicious Abkari legislation of 1878. There is yet much more to say in regard to the principle and details of this old Act, how it operated during the first few years after its introduction and how it worked later on, and how many are the voluminous records in courts of law of false cases and of mortgages and fictitious sales in the registery offices, to which the Commission has courageously drawn the attention of the public interested in this legislation. Meanwhile the following trenchant observation of the Commission may be studied: "Hence the Act whose main object was to put the relations between the agriculturists and money-lenders on a better footing is actually having an opposite effect!"

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon left Bombay for Poona on Friday night by the Poona Passenger Train. Their Excellencies were, on arrival at the Victoria Terminus, received by the Hon. Mr. Fazalbhoy M. Chinoy, Sheriff of Bombay, the Hon. Mr. J. A. D. McBain and Mr. A. C. Rumboll, General Traffic Manager, the G. I. P. Railway.

Notes of the Day.

Who should be Censor?

"The Pioneer," in an unusually unofficial mood, and, in fact, discarding for the nonce all official or semi-official restraints, displays some impatience with the censorship which helps to thicken the fog of war by drawing a veil over so much that is happening that we should like to hear about. It thinks the work of the censor would be better performed by journalists than by military officers, and suggests, chaffingly, of course, a sort of exchange between the two:—

It is a pity that there is no arrangement by which censors and journalists might in war time change places Censors being military officers should make the best critics and commentators on the war news, which is all that anybody cares for in these seasons: whereas journalists ought to be perfectly at home in censorships. A journalist is practically a censor every day of his life. He has constantly to be distinguishing between the true, the probable, the improbable and the false in the information that comes in upon him: between libellous, unjustifiable, and inexpedient statements: between fair public criticism and the invasion of private life: between what should be said and the multitude of things better merely left unsaid, since sincerity does not consist in the continual blurting out of uncalled-for judgments and opinions. He has got to form some idea too of the effect that communications will produce upon the public mind, having learnt that statements or arguments which would make a great impression at one time will pass totally unnoticed at another. With all this practice a journalist unless he is an extraordinary stupid journalist should be peculiarly qualified for censorship work.

The Public Satisfied.

All this, of course, is hardly to be taken seriously. The writer of "The Pioneer" article is not the only journalist in India, who would like to be chief censor,—we referred the other day to the pompous advice administered to the censors and the public by a local contemporary. Most of us are quite satisfied with the way in which the censors are carrying out their duties and would prefer to leave it to them. The public recognise the need for the maintenance of absolute silence in regard to certain matters, and as long as the censors confine themselves strictly to their proper sphere, there is not likely to be any cause for complaint. There is some substance, however, in "The Pioneer's" grievance regarding the cutting off of all foreign news for 30 hours as happened at the beginning of last week, because while a censorship had been enforced at Bombay, there was no one to do the work. As "The Pioneer" says, the censorship as applied to a whole country is a very formidable engine and this was

a clear abuse of the powers of the institution, a gratuitous irritation to the whole country. It should be said that no responsibility for this lies on the officer who has since been appointed to be head of the system, from whose many-sided experence and reputation for broadmindedness and common sense we may expect that it will be worked with as little irksomeness as possible. People are prepared to be inconvenienced for the sake of the commonwealth; they only ask that the inconvenience should not be carried further than is necessary.

Our chief complaint in Bombay is that there are too many censors. The Commissioner of Police, the Political Department, Hon. Members of Council, the General Staff Officer,—all seem anxious to take a hand and offer monitions to the press,—apart from the two official Censors deputed by the Government of India—and one begins to wonder who will next discover himself to possess a special aptitude for censorial functions. We have the Government of India's Ordnance to guide us and the Government of India have sent down a capable officer to see that it is not ignored with impunity. That is quite enough to go on with.

The Lotus Pool.

Miss A. Mary R. Dobson, Warden, University Settlement, Bombay, has written a delightful volume of poems "The Lotus Pool." It is primarily meant for school-children. All the poems are on Indian subjects, such as The Palm Tree, The Camel Man, The Mail, The Mango Tree, The Dhobi, etc., and reveal a remarkable insight and sympathy, for without the latter one cannot have thorough insight. This book is the first of its kind in India, and should prove very useful to young students. Miss Dobson, it may be remarked is a daughter of the well-known poet, Austin Dobson, and has inherited a good deal of her father's methods of delicate treatment of subjects. The price is eight annas per copy, (Oxford University Press). The volume is prettily bound and contains many illustrations. The language is simple though many of the poems are none the less powerful and pathetic, especially the songs of the monsoon. We have no doubt the poems will be very popular among youngsters, both on account of the subject matter and their lucid language.

THE WAR-LORD'S SOLILOQUY.

Beset by foes on every side
The peaceful German people stands;
Its righteous policy defied,
Its troops assailed by reckless bands—
Devils incarnate, who, when we attack,
Dare to stand firm—and even to hit back!

We wrought for peace throughout. No lust
Of conquest, no bloodguiltiness.
Smirches our shield. We put our trust
In *Unser Gott*. For who could guess
That Belgian weaklings would resist our will
And mar our plans? This was a bitter pill!

We thought that France was unprepared,
The Rusian giant slow to move,
That England's warring factions dared
To close their ranks, our strength to prove
We never dreamt, so sent that ultimatum
Demanding Belgium's leave to violate 'em.

Thus with clean hands and conscience clear
To keep the peace we grasp the sword.
In flaming anger, without fear
We front the foe; if war abhorred
Is devastating Europe East and West.
Ours not the blame; we acted for the best.

GOTT HELFE UNS in "The Pioneer."

SERIOUS GERMAN REVERSES.

BELGIANS VICTORIOUS IN A FULL DAY'S BATTLE.

GERMANS REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSS.

WITHDRAWAL DEVELOPS INTO HEADLONG FLIGHT.

FRENCH VICTORY IN TWO DAYS' BATTLE.

GERMAN REGIMENT ANNIHILATED AND 1,000 CAPTURED.

RUSSIANS DEFEAT AUSTRIANS IN GALICIA.

This morning's telegrams record a series of reverses to the German and Austrian forces. It does not appear that any of these affairs were engagements such as could be described as being of the first importance in a war in which the opposing forces in the various areas of operations number hundreds of thousands,—but they appear to have been sufficiently grave.

It appears that the fighting on Wednesday between the Belgians and Germans lasted the whole day beginning with an attack in force on the Belgian trenches at Haelen. The Belgians were at first forced to retire, but they rallied and received reinforcements and ultimately drove the Germans in headlong flight back to Tongres. Cavalry and artillery seem to have been chiefly engaged on either side. The German losses were very heavy.

Simultaneously the Germans were repulsed with heavy loss at Eghezee; ten miles north of Namur.

A two days' battle has taken place on the river Othain a tributary of the Meuse, south of Montmedy in French territory. The French defeated and pursued the Germans, annihilating a regiment of dragoons and capturing a thousand officers and men.

The Russians have captured the town of Sokal in Galicia, driving out the Austrians with heavy loss.

Harrowing stories of the brutal thoroughness with which the Germans, as of old, pursue the business of war are reaching Brussels. Shooting, burning and pillage are the lot of villages, from which shots are alleged to have been fired, and post offices and banks are immediately raided for what money they contain.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

FIGHTING.

BRILLIANT BELGIAN VICTORY.

FULL DAY BATTLE AT HAELEN.

HEAVY GERMAN LOSSESS.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 3-35 p.m.

The Liege forts are Intact. Yesterday's engagements will be known as the battle of Haelen (Haeren?). The fighting lasted throughout the day. The Belgians by evening has cleared the ground between Diest, Haelen and Zellick. The country is covered with dead. A portion of the Belgian left wing wavered, but was reinforced.

LONDON Aug. 13, 6 30 p.m.

Germans in force attacked the Belgian trenches before Haelen. The German artillery compelled the Belgians to retire on the town. Reinforcements supporting the Belgians insured a victory in spite of the German numerical superiority. The town was extensively damaged.

LATER.

A Belgian official despatch confirms the victory of Haelen. The German losses were three-fifths of those engaged.

The Belgian losses were slight.

The Belgians captured a number of quick-firers mounted on motor-cars.

HOW GERMANS WERE BEATEN.

A HEADLONG FLIGHT.

LONDON, Aug. 14, 12-15 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent, describing the engagement along the Haelen-Cortenaeken front, says that it was the result of a determined attempt by the German cavalry to crush the Belgian left wing. The Germans advanced in two divisions along several roads with the object of reaching Diest and the Belgians took up their principal position at Haelen and also defended the passage of the river Velpe at Cortenaeken. It is estimated that the Germans were eight thousand strong in cavalry with quick-firers supported by a regiment of infantry. The Belgians numbered seven thousand.

Artillery exchanges began at eleven o'clock. The Germans scarcely sought shelter but let the Belgian shells plough through them at two thousand metres. The cavalry encounter developed in early afternoon. The Belgians charged the Germans across the broken ground, which compelled them to split into groups, resulting in hand to hand encounters. Shortly afterwards the enemy developed a grand attack regardless of sacrifices and hurled themselves against the Belgian entrenchments. The Germans were obliged to cross the Velpe by a few narrow bridges and their long columns were ripped up. The bridges were soon piled with dead. The Germans, thinking only of their objective, endeavoured to override the Belgians by sheer weight but by six o'clock the Germans were obliged to recognise their defeat and to withdraw along the rivers Velpe and Gette. The retreat developed into a headlong flight towards Tongres which they hold.

ANOTHER GERMAN REVERSE.

HEAVY LOSS AT EGHEZEE.

LONDON, Aug. 14, 4-0 a.m.

Simultaneously with the battle of Haelen, the Germans were repulsed with heavy loss at Eghezee, ten miles north of Namur.

FIGHTS IN PROGRESS.

LONDON, Aug. 14, 1-50 p.m.

The fights at Haelen and Eghezee and on the river Othain were in consequence of the German advance to test the strength of the whole Franco-Belgian defence.

The German losses in the engagement at Haelen are estimated at two thousand. The Belgians lost a few killed but many wounded.

Advanced guard and cavalry fights are proceeding along the front covered by the armies in North-east France and Belgium.

FRENCH VICTORY.

DRAGOON REGIMENT ANNIHILATED.

1000 OFFICERS AND MEN CAPTURED

LONDON, Aug. 14, 4-0 a.m.

The French defeated and pursued the Germans on a two days' battle on the river Othain, south of Montmedy. The French annihilated a regiment of dragoons and captured a thousand officers and men.

Montmedy is a town and fortress, lying in the valley of the Chiers a tributary of the Meuse.

The river Othain is in French territory. It unites with the Chiers a little below Montmedy.

RUSSIAN SUCCESS IN GALICIA.

SOKAL CAPTURED: AUSTRIANS PURSUED

LONDON, Aug. 14, 4-0 a.m.

The Russians have captured the town of Sokal in Galicia after dislodging the Austrians with heavy loss. The Russians pursued the enemy across the river Bug and destroyed two bridges and a viaduct.

Sokal is a town of Austrian Galicia, 40 miles north-east of Lemberg on the right bank of the Bug.

THE HEROIC BELGIANS.

CONGRATULATIONS BY PREMIER AND SIR E. GREY.

LONDON, Aug. 14, 4-15 a.m.

Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey have sent congratulations to the Belgian Government on the Belgians' heroic resistance.

VILLAGES BURNED AND PILLAGED.

HARROWING STORIES OF GERMAN BRUTALITY.

LONDON, Aug. 13, 4.05 p.m.

The Belgians are fighting at considerable disadvantage. Having no khaki, they are obliged to expose themselves in ordinary uniforms some of which are brilliantly coloured.

The Germans are clad in grey, which is a splendid colour protection. Their spiked helmets are covered with brown holland, which renders them less conspicuous.

The untiring energies of General Joffre, French Commander-in-Chief, are much admired. He appears to be everywhere. He has covered a thousand miles in a few days. His chauffeur is the famous racing motorist, Boillot.

King Albert is also rushing around in a travel-stained motor.

Harrowing stories of brutality are reaching Brussels. Shooting, burning and pillage is the lot of many unhappy villages, from which it is alleged shots were fired.

The Germans make a practice when they enter a town of proceeding to the post office and banks, and collecting what money there is.

INEFFECTIVE GERMAN BOMBARDMENT.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 4-35 p.m.

The Germans bombarded Pont Amousson, near Nancy, on the 12th instant. Little damage was done.

THE GERMAN FORCES.

MILITARY EXPERT'S EFFORT TO LOCATE THEM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 14.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—

The "Times" publishes the effort of its military correspondent to locate the German forces. He places the 14th Austrian and the 15th German Army Corps between Strassburg and Switzerland, the 21st between Metz and Saarburg, the 7th, 9th and 10th about Liege, the 4th at Rochefort the 19th at Castogne, the 8th at Luxemburg, with the 12th and the 3rd Bavarians echelonned behind it, the 17th and 2nd Bavarians from Theonville to Metz, the 3rd and 11th from Verierers to Malmedy, the 13th and 1st Bavarians at Saarbruck guard, and the 18th and 14th further east. The 1st, 2nd, 5th, 6th, 17th and 20th are facing Russia.

RESULTS FAVOURABLE TO ALLIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 14, 1-50 p.m.

The military expert of "The Times" considers that the results have hitherto been favourable to the Allies, except at Mulhausen, but he points out that the French are mainly on the defensive there and so long as they hold Belfort and the chain of forts to Epinal nothing else matters.

He considers that the events of the past twelve days are satisfactory as the close of the twelth day of French mobilisation finds scarcely a German soldier in France.

GERMANY'S CONFIDENCE IN HER PLANS.

LONDON, Aug. 14, 1-50 p.m.

An interesting sign of Germany's confidence in the success of her intended sudden attack is shown by the fact that a German subject in France received a notification to report himself at Rheims on the thirteenth day of the mobilisation, namely to-day.

GERMANS ENTER KALISZ.

THREAT TO DECIMATE RUSSIAN POPULATION.

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The Germans have entered Kalisz and threatened to decimate the Russian population in the event of further resistance.

Kalisz is capital of another small area in Russian Poland. It has a population of 22,750.

GERMANY.

SOCIALIST LEADER REPORTED SHOT.

FOR REFUSING MILITARY SERVICE.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 4-35 p.m.

It is generally reported that the Socialist leader in Germany, Herr Liebknecht, has been court-martialled and shot in Berlin for refusing military service.

CRUISER COALING AT SAN FRANCISCO.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 4-35 p.m.

The German cruiser Leipzig is coaling at San Francisco.

ENGLAND.

BANK OF ENGLAND RESERVE.

FIFTEEN AND A HALF MILLIONS STERLING.

LONDON, Aug. 13, 4-35 p.m.

A Bank of England return shows that the reserve amounts to fifteen-and-a-half millions. The public deposits amount to eight millions, other deposits to eighty-three-and-a-quarter millions, and other securities to seventy and three-quarter millions.

The proportion of the reserve to the liabilities is seventeen per cent.

THE OVERSEA FORCES.

EARL ROBERTS COLONEL-IN-CHIEF.

LONDON, Aug. 14. 4 a.m

Earl Roberts has been appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the forces from overseas.

MOVEMENTS OF FAR EAST FLEETS.

WILL JAPAN JOIN IN THE FRAY?

LONDON, Aug. 14, 1-50 p.m.

The British fleet is gradually circumscribing the action of the German fleet in the Far East.

Germans are concentrating at Tokio and Yokohama preparatory to leaving owing to the expectancy of war between Germany and Japan.

AUSTRALIAN FARMERS' SUGGESTED GIFT.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 4-35 p.m.

It is proposed in Australia that Australian farmers shall give a million sheep to the Motherland.

RAILWAY DIVIDENDS.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 4-35 p.m.

The Government is taking action to prevent British railways from withholding dividends. There have been numerous letters complaining of the hoarding of dividends by the companies.

INTERRUPTED COMMUNICATION.

LONDON, Aug. 14.

Communication between Japan and Europe is interrupted.

RUSSIA.

MANY VESSELSS SEIZED.

NEARLY ONE-HUNDRED CAPTURED IN RUSSIAN PORTS.

LONDON, Aug. 13. 4-35 p.m.

Seventy-three German and twelve Austrian steamers have been seized in Russian ports.

BULGARIA.

ASSURANCE TO RUSSIA.

STRICTESY NEUTRALITY PRESERVED.

LONDON, Aug. 14.

Bulgaria has assured Russia that she will observe the strictest neutrality.

INDIA.

STATE WAR INSURANCE.

DETAILS OF THE SCHEME.

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

The following Press Communique is issued:—

Particulars of the State war insurance scheme have been received, and are published for general information. The scheme falls to two parts.

In the first place hulls of vessels borne on the books of the North England Protecting Indemnity Association, London Group, War Risks Association, and London-Liverpool War Risks Association, can be insured through the associations to whom premiums are payable. The British Government will pay 80 per cent. of the war risk on these hulls, and the remaining 20 per cent. will be borne by the Associations.

In the second place, cargoes of vessels, the hulls of which have been insured under the scheme, are insurable at the Government War Risk Office in London, provided the cargo is already insured against marine risk by Lloyds or other approved companies. The scheme covers 100 per cent. of the war risk on cargo, but does not extend to enemy's property or to goods prohibited by the Proclamation. Owners resident in India of British vessels borne on the books of the Associations, can obtain benefits of the scheme by employing agents in England to take out policies on their behalf.

CALCUTTA PRIZE COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

Although yesterday was a holiday, the Prize Court held its first sitting to consider the application of six German vessels detained in port.

The Chief Justice granted monitions to show cause why ships were not liable to detention during the course of the war or requisition.

The hearing was fixed for the two above-named on Monday next, and for the other four on Thursday.

THE SIND PRIZE COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Aug. 14.

The following Warrant by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom appointing the court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind as a Prize Court for the province of Sind is published:—

In his Majesty's name and ours to will and require the Court of the Judicial Commissioner in Sind and you the Judicial Commissioner of the Said Court and all others, the judges or judge for the time being, of the Said Court or other, the persons or person executing the duties of the office of the judge of the Said Court for the time being, and you are hereby authorised and required from time to time upon proclamation being made by the Vice-Admiral for the time being of India that war has broken out between his Majesty's and any foreign State and not otherwise to take cognizance of and judicially to proceed upon all and all manner of captures, re-captures, seizures, rizes and reprisals, of all ships vessels and goods, which shall on the outbreak of any such war have been seized and taken, and which shall thereafter be seized and taken, and which shall be brought within the limits of the Said Court, and all other matters of prize falling within the jurisdiction of the Said Court, and to hear and determine the same and according to the course of Admiralty and the law of nations and the statutes, rules, and regulations, in that behalf for the time being in force to adjudge and condemn all such ships vessels and goods as shall belong to the foreign State named in such Proclamation, or to the subjects of such state, or to any others inhabiting within any of the countries, territories, or dominions of the same, or which are otherwise condemnable as prizes and which shall be brought before the Said Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind for adjudication and condemnation, and for doing the acts hereinbefore mentioned, this shall be your Warrant until the same is withdrawn or revoked.

LOYAL MANIFESTATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

A crowded public meeting of all the Indian communities in Calcutta and suburbs was held at the Town Hall this afternoon to express loyalty to the Throne and to offer their services and resources. The Maharajah of Burdwan presided. There were three resolutions. The meeting urged the Government to grant facilities to raise a volunteer corps for active service in India and abroad.

RANGOON, Aug. 14.

At an emergency general meeting of the cloth merchants of Rangoon, where over one hundred dealers were present resolutions were passed expressing loyalty and fidelity to the British Raj and it was resolved to continue their business with their customers in a spirit of self-control and patience.

At a mass meeting of Mussalmans held here with Mo'lvi Dawood in the chair, resolutions were passed (1) that the meeting being fully alive to the enlightened and beneficent character of the British Empire and the person of his Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor assures the Government that all will gladly respond to serve as volunteers and will not flinch to render any other service possible to the Government. It was also resolved that a war relief fund be opened to render help to both wounded soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphans.

MADRAS, Aug. 14.

The Madras ladies have presented over Rs. 3,000 to the British Red Cross fund.

The Rance of Vizianagram has founded an Indian Ladies' Loyal League and an enthusiastic meeting has been held and the preliminary steps decided on.

The Bohra community in Madras last night offered prayers for the victory of the British forces and expressed their deep devotion and loyalty to the British Throne.

Mr. S. P. Rice, I.C.S., Collector of Chingleput, has sent to the "Madras Mail" Rs. 150 towards the war relief fund.

This fund would be affiliated to the H. R. H. the Prince of Wales Fund.

OOTACAMUND, Aug. 14.

The Prince of Arcot and the Rajas of Ramnad and Pithapuram have offered to His Excellency the Governor of Madras to place their resources at the disposal of the Government.

NAGPUR, Aug. 14.

Mr. H. M. Malak of Nagpur, spiritual leader of the Atba-e-Malak community, has sent to the Viceroy the assurance of unswerving loyalty of his followers towards the British Government, the King-Emperor, and the Throne at the present unfortunate crisis and offered their loyal services whenever need may arise.

(From a Correspondent.)

MALVAN, Aug. 14.

A large meeting of more than two thousand Hindus was held yesterday in the Rameshwar temple here.

Prayers were offered for success in the present war with Germany to the British Government.

Fervent speeches were made by Messrs. Gaokar and Mehendale and also by the Mamlatadar expressing the heart-felt loyality of the people, the happiness enjoyed by the people under British rule and their full confidence in the ultimate success of British arms.

(From a Correspondent.)

SURAT, Aug. 14.

At a mass meeting held to-day in Swaminarayan's Temple under the chairmanship of Maharajshri Shripatiprasadji Viharilalji of Vadtal Gadi, head priest of the Swaminarayan sect, the following resolution was passed and forwarded to the Viceroy through the Collector of Surat and the Governor of Bombay:—"That this loyal meeting fervently wishes and prays to God for the success of the British Raj, which has been obliged to enter into war with Germany and for the defeat of the enemy. And that all merchant followers of the Swaminarayan sect do sell necessities at reasonable rates so as not to cause hardship to the public." The Maharaj ordered each and all followers to pray in their daily prayers for the victory of the British rule.

(From a Correspondent.)

NAVSARI, Aug. 14.

Khaikobad Darabji Dastoor, High Priest of the Parsis of Navasari has sent the following telegram to H. E. the Viceroy:—

"During these troublesome times Bazme-Zashane-Ruje-Khorshed of Navsari yesterday evening held a meeting of the Parsi community. After religious ceremonies the meeting expressed its deep feeling of fidelity and loyalty to the British Raj and wished complete success to Emperor George."

(From a Correspondent.)

DEVLALI, Aug. 14.

In the Juma Masjid of Bhagur camp Kazi Syed Saifuddin on behalf of the mussalmans assembled ogered prayers for the victory of British arms in the present war and for long life to the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress.

AUSTRIAN VESSEL SEIZED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

On the news being received of the declaration of war with Austria, the only Austrian vessel in port was detained while on the point of leaving.

LONDON SAILING CANCELLED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

The sailing of the B. I. boat s. s. Mongara, Calcutta to London, fixed for yesterday, has been cancelled.

PRICES OF FOOD-STUFFS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE Aug. 14.

The Punjab Provincial Agriculturtl Department in its agricultural notes published to-day, states that the outbreak of war has disturbed prices. Wheat has gone up and will now probably be exported to Europe. With reference to the demand from countries outside India for good Punjab cattle it is stated one bull has been sold from the Hissar cattle farm for the

INDIA.

(Continued from page 7.)

record price of Rs. 1,300. The bull will go to Brazil.

COONOOR, Aug. 14.

Bazar prices of provisions will in future at the weekly "shandies" on Tuesdays be watched by high Government officials. On the last "shandy" day as an outcome of this procedure the prices all round were satisfactory.

RANGOON, Aug. 14.

The rise in prices of many classes of goods has led to enhancement of customs duty on imported goods which are assessed *ad valorem* on the local market value.

The Burma Chamber of Commerce has pointed out the hardship this would impose on firms importing such goods under contracts made before the war broke out. They would be unable to receive extra duty from buyers and that duty might ultimately wipe out all profits on transactions. The Government of India have agreed to allow customs duty to be levied in such cases on average market values prevailing a fortnight before the declaration of war.

BOMBAY HINDUS' PRAYER MEETING.

A gathering of Hindus of Bombay will be held at the Temple of Shri Nara-Narayan at Javeri Bag, to-morrow, between 8 and 10 a.m. to offer special prayers for the success of British arms. All loyal Hindus are Cordially invited to attend.

WAR BETWEEN BRITAIN AND AUSTRIA.

A Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary" issued yesterday says:—The following Proclamation published in an "Extraordinary" issue of the "Gazette of India" on the 13th August 1914 is republished for general information:—

"I, Charles, Baron Hardinge of Penshurst, Governor-General of India, and ex-officio Vice Admiral therein, being satisfied thereof by information received by me, do hereby proclaim that War has broken out between his Majesty and Austria-Hungary."

A BOMBAY UNIVERSITY CORPS.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle".

Sir,—As we are proud to be called the citizens of the British Empire, it is but natural that all our minds should be engrossed by one object the news of the titanic struggle that is going on on the Continent. We have just learned with every satisfaction that the Indian students in England have informed the University of their perfect willingness to take any active part which the Military authorities would like to assign to them. I do not see why, we students in India, should lag behind our fellow-students in England in the defence of the Empire on which the sun never sets. I would request the Bombay University to form a corps of its own consisting of mere University students, and thus give a tangible proof of its unswerving loyalty to the King-Emperor, under whose benign sceptre, merciful Providence has been pleased to place us for our own prosperity and welfare. Thanking you in anticipation of corroborating this sentiment, through the eloquent columns of your powerful organ, and hoping to receive in the near future a favourable response from the University.—Yours etc.

WILSONIAN.

August 13.

RANGOON NAVJOT DEFAMATION CASES.

MR. MARZBAN'S STATEMENT.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Aug. 14.

The third accused in the Parsi defamation case, S. Cowasjee v. G. K. Nariman, J. B. Marzban and P. Marzban, tendered a lengthy written statement to the District Magistrate in the course of which he stated he did not know the complainant, nor his wife, nor Bella, and was never actuated by any ill-feeling or malice against them. Whatever was done by him in the "Jame Jamshed", of which he was editor, was done in absolute good faith with the intention of serving the community in a matter of great social and religious importance. He had no intention of injuring the reputation of the complainant and other parties concerned. If he had wounded their feelings and those of their friends he expressed his regret. The hearing was adjourned.

MR. VATCHAGANDHY EXAMINED.

The District Magistrate then recorded further evidence in the case against Mr. R. N. Vatchagandhy, editor, of the "Sanj Vartman". The accused was examined and said he was editor and sole proprietor of the paper. He accepted responsibility for the articles complained of. He was laid up at the time but was consulted by his assistant editor. His own personal views were that the acts admitted by the complainant were certainly contrary to the Zoroastrian religion.

Your articles go further than that, they say the complainant's conduct was both immoral and mendacious. Do you wish to say anything about that?—It might be taken as immoral from a religious point of view.

But you also denounce him as a liar as though he had tried to smuggle the child into the Zorastrion fold on false pretences?—We received statements of Mr. Nariman and Mr. Merwanjee Cowasjee's letter which we saw at the office of Mr. Vimadalal, and also from our own correspondent Mr. Sidwa who had been in Rangoon for ten or twelve years. I wish to explain. I did not see the letter myself at Mr. Vimadalal's office as I was lying ill. I did not see the articles before they were published.

His Worship charged the accused with defaming the complainant on April 11th and 18th to which he pleaded not guilty.

The case was adjourned.

POSITION OF LIEGE.

AN ENGLISH BUSINESSMAN'S IMPRESSIONS.

Interesting details of the town of Liège were given the other day to the representative of a Colombo newspaper by Mr. Ivor S. Winby, a partner in the firm of L. P. Winby and Co., of London. The firm deal in steel and have branches in Brussels and Liège, in which latter town Mr. Winby has spent some years.

Replying to the interviewer's questions, Mr. Winby said Liège was world famous for its manufacture of arms of all description. Le Fonderie d'Arms exported arms all over the world. It was one of the biggest of its kind. Then there was La Societe Anomine John Cockerill which was the largest steel works in Belgium and one of the largest in the world. It was situated in Serang, which was really a suburb of Liège. The firm had been founded by a Scotchman more than a hundred years ago and was a formidable competitor of Krupps. It manufactured all cannon and artillery exclusively for the Belgian Government, and in addition supplied other countries as well. It was for this reason that the German Government would give a good deal to get hold of it. The firm also manufactured small arms.

Referring to the forts guarding Liège Mr. Winby said that the town is surrounded by hills, all of which are strongly fortified on the German side. On the heights of the Ardennes the Belgians have for years been spending money lavishly in strengthening the forts, as it is from this side they most expected an invasion. Liège was a beautiful city, owning a very ancient University. Perhaps Antwerp was about the only other town in Belgium that was more strongly fortified. Liege is the Birmingham or we would rather say, the Sheffield of Belgium.

Mr. Winby went on to say that he never thought the Belgians would put up such a magnificently stubborn defence and it was a very pleasant surprise for him. In his opinion the Belgian character is not such a strong one as the French or German. He was kindly, cheerful, extraordinarily industrious and patient. He was always very genial with the English, to a greater extent than any other race; because the Belgian knows that England has always befriended his country. Moreover, it is British capital that finances Belgium. Belgium had more steel works per acre than any other country in the world and at least three-fourths of their trade in this mineral was done with England.

The Belgians, Mr. Winby continued, were very patriotic, but they absolutely dreaded the German owing to the fear that their country would be absorbed by her big neighbour. Should the Germans manage to force them out of Liege Mr. Winby thought, from what he had heard, when the subject was discussed by Belgians, that they would fall back on Louvain or Charleroi; most probably the latter. This would be by way of Namur. They would, however, probably make their supreme effort to defend Brussels if they continued to be forced back. But the Germans, if present indications were criterion would have to pay dearly to gain that end because they would have to go through such strong garrison towns as Louvain, Namur and Charleroi. In any case the battles would in nearly every case be fought on the same old fields that were used in the Napoleonic Campaign of 1815, that was around the Sambre Moselle and Meuse.

WOMEN AS SECRETARIES.

The "Treasury" for July contains one of Alice S. Jackson's useful articles on "Women's Work," and she deals with what is regarded as a favourite occupation open to women—viz., a secretarial career. She says:—

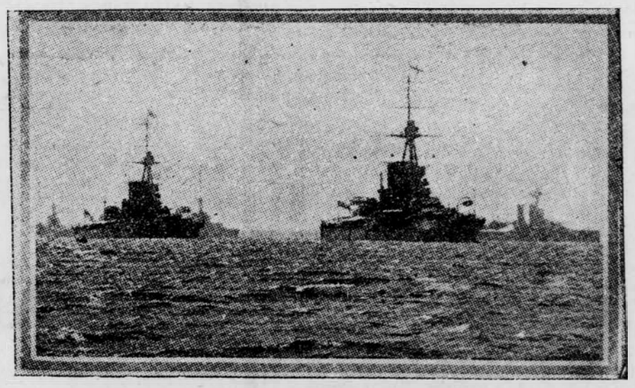
Assuming that a girl has had a good general education, has acquired the arts of shorthand and typewriting and can boast of good speeds in both, not less than 100 words a minute in the former and about 70 in the latter, she may now consider herself fairly well equipped for a start in life. Any accomplishments, however, that will add to her market value should if possible be added to her stock-in-trade, as, for instance, a knowlege of languages.

There are three courses open to the young worker. The first is a post in an ordinary business office, the second is private secretarial work, and the third is secretarial work for some society or institution. The writer goes on to say:—

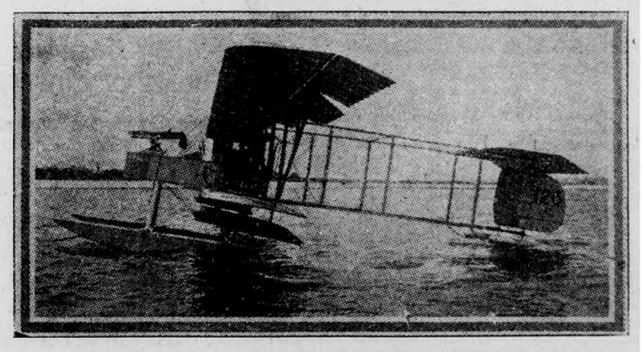
I have no hesitation in advising all beginners most strongly to adopt the first course, if only for a time. Nowhere but in a business office can a woman acquire those habits of punctuality, extreme accuracy and method, that, whatever may be her after-career, will always stand her in good stead and will form a splendid foundation upon which other qualifications may be built up.

Private secretarial work is usually more interesting than work in a business office, but the hours are often uncertain The duties of a private secretary are difficult to define. The duties of secretary to some society or institution vary greatly in scope and the amount and technicality of the work to be done. There is, however one great drawback to such work—the amount of the salary, which is often sadly insufficient. One reason for this is that those engaged in religious and philanthropic work are pulled two ways, first by the desire to keep down office expenses and thus avoid the reproach of diverting money subscribed for a definite object into another channel, and secondly, by the wish to pay a living wage to those in their employment. It is a difficult problem, but it does not seem fair to the worker that he or she should be forced to pay tribute (in the amount by which their salary is below market rate) to the cause; if the labourer is worthy of his hire, it is only justice that he should receive that hire.

BRITISH NAVAL TYPES.



The latest Dreadnoughts, Iron Duke and Marlborough.



A Seaplane mounted with a quick-firing gun.

Line of Seaplanes at the Spithead Review.

GERMAN SHIP CAPTURED OFF GALLE.

BROUGHT TO COLOMBO UNDER ESCORT

Early on Saturday news reached Colombo from Galle that a German merchant vessel had been captured by a British man-of-war near Galle and she was being escorted to Colombo, said the "Ceylon Independent" on Monday. It was about 5 p.m. when the man-of-war and her capture were sighted by the Flagstaff authorities, and a large crowd assembled at the foot of the breakwater and all along Galle Face to see the vessel being brought into port. The German boat came into port ahead closely followed by the B.I. boat Querimba, while the man-of-war was noticed at a distance. The name of the captured German boat is the s.s. Rappenfels of the Hansa Line. She had a cargo of jute consigned to Germany.

The vessels's engines were later dismantled. This makes the fouth Hansa Line under arrest in Colombo harbour, the other being the Steinturm of 5,266 tons, the Triefels of 4,750 tons and the Richenfels of 4,478 tons.

A SUDDEN DEPARTURE.

Considerable surprise was occasioned when it became known that Mr. John Hagenbeck, general merchant and Naval purveyor of Chatham Street, Fort, Colombo left suddenly for Batavia on Friday night by the Dutch steamer Insulindo says the same jjournal."

It is understood that Mr. Hagenbeck has in some way infringed the special regulations imposed by martial-law, but what that violation was it is impossible to say. He left the Island with "the knowledge and full consent of H. E. the Governor," to quote an authoritative statement, but an inquiry at the Secretariat as to the reasons for his departure was met with the reply that no official information can be given.

The Insulinde also had passengers for Batavia, and two who had come over from Bombay in the hope of obtaining a passage home.

BANK OF BENGAL.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

The cash balances at the Bank of Bengal have increased by thirty-seven lakhs this week and now the total is sixteen crores eighty-one lakhs.

ST. LEGER SWEEPSTAKE.

DISPUTE OVER A PRIZE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Aug. 14.

The judgment of the Punjab Chief Court in a curious case arising out of a transaction connected with a ticket in a St. Leger Sweepstake has been published to-day. The facts of the case are as follows:—A confederacy of eleven persons took six tickets and one of them named Gough who had a twelfth share, sold half his share for Rs. 50 to another named Lenehan. The confederacy drew the horse which was the third prize of Rs. 33,340. Gough declined to pay anything to Lenehan who thereupon claimed money from Byers who ran the confederacy. Byers also declined to recognise Leneham's claim. Judgment was given against both the defendants Byers and Gough in the lower court and both appealed. The Chief Court accepted the appeal of Byers and gave the plaintiff-respondent his decree against Gough.

THE FETISH OF IMMORALITY.

Arthur Pollock and Frank Crane are to be congratulated upon their outspoken articles in "The Forum." Mrs. Grundy's task becomes somewhat difficult in these days, but her standards are still current and prevent many good folk arriving at the true inwardness of right conduct.

In answering the question, "Are We Immoral?" Mr. Pollock points out that not only is prudishness not propriety, but that when allowed to transcend expediency and beauty (as in dress), it becomes itself immoral. He welcomes the woman movement as giving us a necessary opportunity of discussing sex questions. To those who find this distasteful he says: "It is not so because of any impropriey inherent in the discussion itself, nor in the subject of it, but because it has been delayed until we have become mealy-minded and stultifyingly and falsely modest."

Mr. Pollock considers the whole matter to be covered by one word, "Progress!" He says:—

For we are growing. And, growing, we are suffering from nothing more alarming than the usual and natural growing pains You may call this a period of unrest, or go further, as some do, and call it revolution. At any rate, it is a period of readjustment, of social, mental and moral house-cleaning. For civilisation faces new problems. Their solution means a long step forward. And, in order to take the step which the presentation of these problems has fortunately precipitated, civilisation is finding it necessary to discard much of its superfluous rubbish of outworn and now ridiculous convention for new standards more strictly in accord with natural demands and common-sense.

DIARY OF THE WAR.

June 28.—Heir-Apparent of Austria and his wife assassinated by a Servian student at Sarajevo.

July 24.—The Austrian Government presents Servia with an ultimatum making certain demands in reparation for the Sarajevo assassinations.

July 25.—Servia refuses to comply with all the Austrian demands. The Austrian Minister leaves Belgrade. Russia asks Austria for extension of time for Servia's reply.

July 26.—Martial law is proclaimed through out Austria-Hungary and general mobilisation is ordered. Simultaneously mobilisation of Russian forces is also ordered. Germany notifies the Powers that she regards the conflict as the concern of Austria and Servia only.

July 27.—First shots between Servia and Austria exchanged, troops on a Servian steamer on the Danube firing on Austrian troops on the mainland.

July 28.—Austria declares war on Servia. Russia notifies Germany that the whole of the Russian army would be moblised in the event of German mobilisation. German fleet is concentrating at Kiel and Wilhemshaven. Naval preparations in England.

July 29.—Antivari blockaded by Austria, Russia and Germany assume control of their frontier railway stations. Montenegro prepared to support Servia.

July 30.—Mr. Asquith makes a grave statement on the European situation. Great Britain would present a united front.

Austrians bombard Servian positions and capture two armed steamers. Belgrade is in flames, bombarded by Austrians.

bombard Servian positions and capture two armed steamers. Belgrade is in flames, bombarded by Austrians.

July 31.—Martial law proclaimed in Germany. Austrians cross the Danube at two points. British Mediterranean fleet concentrated at Malta.

Urgent general mobilisation ordered in Netherlands.

Germany presents ultimatum to Russia and France, asking meaning of their mobilisations.

August 1.—Germany declares war on Russia. First shots exchanged between Russian and German patrols on the frontier.

August 2.—Germany invades France at Cirey. Russians invade Germany near Bialla.

Germans violate the neutrality of Luxmburg and seize the latter's railway bridges.

August 3.—Fighting takes place at Longwy in France, two German officers being killed.

Sir Edward Grey's momentous statement in Parliament on Britain's obligations.

Germany's ultimatum to Belgium asking for facilities for operations in latter's territory. Ultimatum rejected by Belgium.

British ultimatum to Germany to respect Belgium's neutrality.

August 4.—German and Russian fleets engaged near Aland. Russians driven into the Gulf of Finland.

Fresh British ultimatum presented to Germany. Mr. Asquith makes a statement in Parliament on Britain's futile efforts to restrain Germany.

Belgium invaded by Germany.

August 5.—Britain declares war on Germany and Germany declares war on Britain.

A German aeroplane cut in two by a **Belgian airman at Liege.**

Germans bombard Liege and Namur in Belgium, but are completely repulsed at Liege by Belgians. German cavalry in full flight.

German mine-laying vessel Koenigin Louise sunk by British light cruiser Amphion. Amphion itself sunk by a submarine mine, the paymaster and 130 men being drowned.

Germans repulsed all along Russian frontier.

The French fleet sinks German cruiser "Panther" off Algeria.

Lord Kitchener is appointed Secretary of State for War. President Wilson offers to mediate in Europe.

August 6.—Blue Book published containing British Foreign Office correspondence during the crisis.

Resignations of Lord Morley and Messrs. Trevelyan, and Burns.

Irish Arms Act revoked.

Aug. 7.—Austria-Hungary declares war on Russia.

A 6,000 ton British oilsteamer sunk by a mine in the Elbe.

Prince of Waless' fund for relief distress opened.

German assaults on Liege repulsed with heavy losses, 25,000 men being made hors de combat. They ask for an armistice of 24 hours.

Serious Russian losses reported near Wirballen.

Extraordinary pressure being brought on Italy to join Germany and Austria.

Aug. 8.—German fleet mobilising with feverish haste at Koenigsberg and Danzig.

British forces seize German Togo Land and South Togo Land in Africa.

A German cavalry division fording the Meuse is practically annihilated by Belgian cavalry.

French troops cross the frontier in Alsace and after a fierce battle occupy Altkirch and Mulhausen, inflicting heavy losses on Germans, who flee in disorder.

Servians occupy Visigard in Bosnia, which had been previously evacuated by Austrian troops.

Germans lose 100 men in an action on Russian frontier.

August 9th. A British Cruiser squadron attacked by German submarines, but no damage done to British ships. A German submarine sunk.

Russians invade Austrian territory by the valley of the Styr driving Austrians before them.

Germans evacuate Luxemburg, owing to French advance. Germans also retreating from Liège. Germany threatens Belgium with reprisals in the future.

French Garrison in Dahomey take possession of German North Togoland in West Africa.

Sweden and Norway make mutual declarations of neutrality.

Turks concentrating near Dedeagatch in Bulgaria.

August 10. The first and second Japanese squadrons put to sea.

Canada makes a gift of a million bags of flour to Mother country.

Another German submarine sunk by H. M. S. Cruiser Birmingham.

Commonwealth Navy transferred to the Admirality till the conclusion of War.

The French repulse German attack in Epincourt, capturing six guns and destroying a Battery.

French loss at Altkirch stated to be 100 killed and wounded.

8,000 Germans stated to be prisoners of war in Belgium.

Montenegrins occupy Spizza on the Adriatic, and two other towns.

Rupture of Franco-Austrian relations announced.

German make a desperate night attack on Fort Seraing, Liege, but are repulsed, 800 being killed.

Amnesty granted to strikers and suffragists imprisoned in England.

August 11.—Bulgarian Premier announces that while Bulgaria is resloved to maintain her neutrality, she is compelled to take measures of protection.

Uhlans attack Tongres in Belgum and carry off cash in Treasury and all available food.

Turkish Iradeh issued authorising supplementary war credit of three millions.

Lord Crewe expresses himself deeply impressed by London Indians' tribute of loyalty.

The Servian official account states that Austrians attacked at seven different points but were repulsed with tremendous slaughter, Servian losses also were heavy. Not a single Austrian soldier left on Servian soil.

Austrians advance from Cracow towards Kielce in Poland.

The French remain masters in upper Alsace, French Army is already in Belguim joining hands with Belgians.

Twenty-two German and Austrian Army Corps, about 40,000 strong each ready to meet 23 French and Belgian Army Corps in Belgium and Alsace.

A Ulhan is captured in Belgium with a map showing that Germans were timed to reach Brussels on Aug. 3rd and Lille on Aug. 5th.

Austrian troops are believed to have entered Alsace.

Germans evacuate Swakopmund and Luederitzbucht in German South-West Africa.

Imperial Government decides to remove Imperial troops from South Africa.

Aug 12.—War between England and Austria declared.

The German armies are marching from Liege into the heart of Belgium. The cavalry is advancing and all along the front of allied armies a hot cavalry engagement is reported. Big battle in progress near Tongres.

Belgians reoccupy Landen.

Austria begins a blockade of Montenegro. Montenegrins bombard Catar.

German cruisers Goeben and Breslau have entered Dardanelles and are searching foreign steamers.

Austrian troops reported to be falling back before Russian attacks near Lemberg.

Berlin official report states that 1,500 Frenchmen have been made prisoners in Alsace. French officials deny this report.

Holland is determined to maintain her neutrality.

Belgians engage Germans in the open north-west of Hasselt and successfully hold their own.

Russians repulse German attempt to reoccupy Eydtkuchnen.

Statement issued in Berlin that 1,500 millions sterling of the people's savings will be utilised to raise war loans.

Recruiting in Canada discontinued as more than an enough number of men has been secured.

August, 13.—Great Belgian victory reported, after a full day's battle with Germans at Haelen, German losses being three-fifths of those engaged, while Belgians sustained slight losses. The Liege forts are intact.

73 German and 12 Austrian steamers seized in Russian ports.

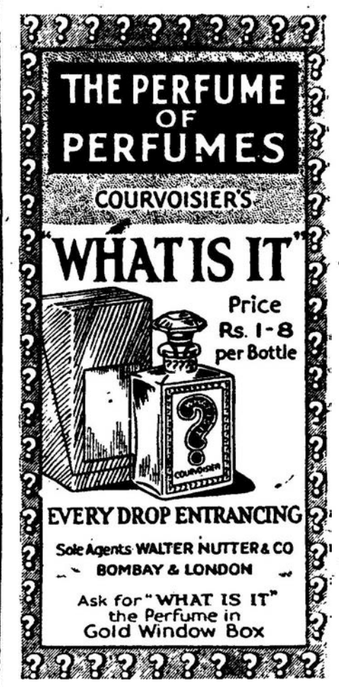
INDIA'S APPEAL.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir.—As every sane Indian knows that India's interests are thoroughly welded with those of Britain and that her ultimate goal and salvation lies in the perpetuation of the British Raj, is it not fair for every Indian to appeal and ask the Government to throw off the old distrust and to allow them to serve their Country and their Sovereign more practically by volunteering, than by mere demonstrations and prayers? You have already received plenty of letters sufficient to prove the spontaneous feelings of loyalty and eagerness for personal sacrifices, and I am sure a Royal proclamation allowing the able-bodied sons of the soil to serve her, forgetting all the internal dissensions, and following the worthy footsteps of their rulers, will bring the Indian Empire far closer to Britain than decades of good rule can.—Yours etc.

LOYALTY.

August 13th.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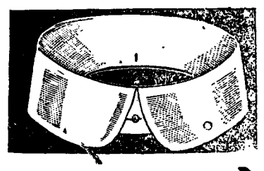

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Extra Assistant Commissioner.

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THE HAJ PILGRIMAGE.

IMPORTANT CONCESSIONS.

We have received the following from Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Co., Ld., Bombay:—

As a considerable amount of doubt appears to exist in the minds of pilgrims as to the possibilities of obtaining passages to Jeddah in time for the present Haj, Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Co. are doing their utmost to continue the regular service which has characterised the present season so far. Naturally, however, the sailings of pilgrim vessels will be to some extent upset owing to the war in Europe. But the Company have every hope and intention of providing regular facilities for all pilgrims who may wish to proceed to Jeddah this season.

The absence of the full number of steamers owned by the Company will naturally tend to raise the rates to some extent and those pilgrims who proceeded earlier in the season and have already arrived at their destination will undoubtedly benefit to some extent in pocket; at the same time, it is hoped that there will not be any undue rise in rates, and so far, the rates quoted are very reasonable, especially considering the shortage of steamers. To-day, Rs. 60 is quoted for a single outward passage and Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Co., Ltd., have just introduced a return ticket the rate of which is at present fixed at Rs. 100. Of course, these rates are liable to fluctuation. These return tickets carry with them two new and important concessions. Firstly, by an arrangement with the Arab Steamers, Limited, the agency of which has just been taken over by Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Co., Ld., the tickets are interchangeable and are available for return by the steamers of either Company, whichever Company's steamer may be ready at the time at Jeddah. This will be of the greatest importance to the pilgrims as it will save delay and consequent expenses in waiting at Jeddah, besides ensuring their obtaining a return passage, which, on the present basis of rates, will only cost Rs. 40. Secondly, the return ticket gives the holder a preferential right to his passage. The return half of the ticket is to be produced to the Agents in Jeddah as soon as the pilgrim returns to that port after his pilgrimage. On production, he will be registered and will be given in exchange for his ticket a separate numbered voucher giving him a preferential right for return. The holders of these return vouchers, therefore, will have the first right to passage by steamers leaving Jeddah.

The Bombay and Persia and the Arab Steamers Companies are both Indian concerns and have a large number of Mahomedan and other Indian shareholders. The former Company has recently added two fine ships to its fleet, namely, the s. s. Nurani and the s. s. Jelunga and it has building in the United Kingdom, two new large vessels of the latest type specially built for the pilgrim traffic. These vessels, which are to be fitted with wireless, will have ventilation specially arranged and many other conveniences not hitherto seen in the pilgrim trade.

BARRISTER V. COLLECTOR.

REVISION PETITION DISMISSED.

The Sessions Judge of Chingleput passed orders on the 8th instant, dismissing the Criminal Revision Petition filed by Mr. Mir Sultan Mohideen Sahib against the order of the District Magistrate of Chingleput, dismissing the case of defamation preferred against Mr. Azizudeen Sahib, Collector of South Arcot.

The complaint of Mr. Sultan Mohideen Sahib was that Mr. Azizudeen defamed him in the course of the trial of a civil suit before the Additional District Munsiff of Chingleput, by calling his father a swindler, and insulted him by saying "Shut up, shut up, you man" and "You are not a proper Mussulman."

As regards the defamatory statement calling his father a swindler, the Sessions Judge, agreeing with the District Magistrate, observed that the first occasion on which those words were uttered was privileged and that, as for the second occasion, the District Magistrate was justified in giving the benefit of the doubt to the accused, since, according to the Additional District Munsiff's evidence, the counter petitioner used those words in the course of his address to the Court, and the petitioner, Mr. Sultan Mohideen, himself gave conflicting evidence as to the circumstances under which that remark was made by counter-petitioner.

As regards the remark that the petitioner was not a proper Mussalman, because he was taking interest, the Sessions Judge, agreeing with the District Magistrate and relying upon the District Munsiff's evidence, found that the occasion was privileged, that these words were uttered by the counter-petitioner when he wanted to put a question to the petitioner. The Sessions Judge further stated that as it was in evidence that, according to some Mahomedans, taking interest is considered a sin, he could not accede to the petitioner's contention that to call a Mussulman not a proper Mahomedan was synonymous with saying he was an infidel. In conclusion, the Judge observed that he could see no sufficient reason to order a further enquiry, since the judgment of the District Magistrate showed that he very carefully appreciated the evidence and considered the legal aspect of the points involved.

POLITICAL PHARISAISM.

At a time when every nerve should be strained to prove that all are held alike in an Empire which all have co-operated to make, we find not infrequent contemptuous references to the "Celtic fringe"—the inhabitants, that is, of Ireland, Scotland and Wales, who are supposed to be deficient in all "God's Englishman" what he is. This sort of Pharisaic cant, which is only a vicious externation of individual self-esteem, is nauseous enough where the objects of it are the nations around us: applied to those who are fellow-citizens, and at a time like this, it is little short of criminal.—"The Month."

STATUS OF FOREIGNERS.

POSITION CLEARLY DEFINED BY GOVERNMENT.

In view of the present uncertainty as to the position of foreigners, and particularly Germans and Austrians in India at the present time, the following Press note will no doubt be read with interest:—

The Government of India have found it necessary, in consequence of the war, to bring into operation throughout British India the whole of Act III of 1864 (an Act to give Government certain powers with respect to foreigners). Under the authority granted in section 25 Asiatic aliens are, however, entirely exempted from the provisions subsequent to section 5 and non-Asiatic aliens, except Germans and Austrians, from the provisions of sections 10 to 19.

The following brief summary of the Law, with notes as to the action Government will take for the present thereunder, is published for general information:—

Section 1.—"Foreigner" denotes a person not being either a natural born British subject of His Majesty within the meaning of the Statute 3 and 4, William IV, chapter 85, section 81, or a native of British India.

Section 2.—The onus of proving that a person is not a foreigner or not subject to the provisions of the Act lies on such person.

Sections 3 and 4 empower the local Government to deport any foreigner within their jurisdiction, and to imprison him in case of disobedience.

This power will be exercised as heretofore at the discretion of Government.

Sections 5 to 25, which have now been specially brought into force, do not apply to any foreign minister duly accredited by his Government; to any Consul or Vice-Consul; to any person under the age of 14 years; or to any person in the service of His Majesty.

Section 6 requires any foreigner arriving from outside British India to report himself to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate. Government may appoint subordinate officers for this purpose.

Section 7.—The report should be in writing and signed by the person himself and should state—

(a) his name; (b) nationality; (c) place from which he has come; (d) place or places of his destination; (e) object of pursuit; (f) date of arrival in British India.

Sections 6 and 7 do not apply to the Matser or Commander of a vessel or an employee therein, unless he has ceased to be actually employed.

Section 9.—Neglect to report renders a foreigner liable to be dealt with under the following section:—

Non-Asiatic aliens, other than Germans and Austrians, are warned that, in order to save interference when travelling, they should provide themselves with properly authenticated nationality papers which they can produce if challenged. Naturalised aliens should also adopt similar precautions. German and Austrian subjects should report themselves to the officer in the Presidency town or District appointed for the purpose.

Sections 10 to 19 apply for the present only to Germans and Austrians.

Section 10 lays down that no foreigner shall travel in or pass through any part of British India without a license.

Section 11.—Licenses will be granted by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, or the District Magistrate concerned.

Section 12.—The licenses will show:—

Name of holder; His nationality; Limit within which he is authorised to travel; Duration of license.

Section 13.—Licenses are subject to such conditions as the officer granting may deem necessary. In the case of Germans and Austrians the following condition will be invariably imposed, *viz.*, that they surrender all arms and report themselves daily to a specified police officer. The licenses are liable to be revoked by the Government of India, the local Government of the place in which the foreigner happens to be, or by the officer granting them.

Section 14.—Any foreigner travelling without a license, or infringing any of the terms of the license he holds, is liable to be apprehended without warrant (a) by any officer exercising any of the powers of a Magistrate, (b) by any European commissioned officer, (c) by any member of a Volunteer Corps enrolled by authority of Government whilst on duty, or (d) by any police officer.

Section 15.—Any person apprehended by a person not exercising magisterial powers, or by a police officer, will be delivered to a police officer and carried to the Magistrate of the district. The Magistrate will report his case to Government, but it is open to him to discharge the foreigner, to remove him to a Presidency town or to detain him pending the orders of Government.

Section 16.—The Magistrate or the officer granting the license may admit to bail any foreigner apprehended under section 15.

Section 17.—The local Government has power to deport foreigners apprehended under section 15.

Sections 18 and 19.—The Governor-General in Council, and the local Government within its jurisdiction, have authority to prohibit any person or class of persons, not being natural-born subjects of His Majesty within the meaning of Statute 3 and 4, William IV, chapter 85, section 81, from travelling in British India without a license; and disobedience of the order or infringement of the terms of license render the person liable to be dealth with in the same way as foreigners under sections 14 to 17.

Section 20.—The Commissioner of Police, the Magistrate of the District, any police officer under them, or any officer appointed to receive the report mentioned in section 6, has authority to board a vessel in port in order to ascertain if there is any foreigner on board who is bound to report himself, and to take such measures as may be reasonably necessary for the purpose. The officers can also call upon the Master or Commander of the vessel to furnish a list of all passengers with their places of embarkation and disembarkation, and to answer all questions put to him touching the passengers. Any foreigner who refuses to give an account of his objects of pursuit, or fails to give a satisfactory one, the officer may refuse to allow him to disembark or deal with him as a foreigner travelling without a license.

Section 21.—The Master or Commander of a vessel wilfully giving a false answer, or making a false report, will be held to have committed the offence specified in section 177 of the Indian Penal Code.

Seition 22.—The Master or Commander wilfully neglecting or refusing to comply with the requisitions of the Act is liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 2,000, on conviction before the Magistrate of the District or a Justice of the Peace.

Section 23.—Wilfully obstructing an officer in the exercise of powers under the Act is an offence under section 186 of the Indian Penal Code

Section 24.—Fines imposed under the Act are recoverable in the same manner as fines imposed by Criminal Courts.

Section 25.—Under this authority the Governor-General in Council has exempted all Asiatic aliens from the operation of sections subsequent to section 5, but the exemption may at any time be revoked.

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CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 15TH OF AUGUST, 1914.

Chamber Board for Saturday the 15th of August, 1914.

Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 43.
Chamber Matters for Disposal.

In Re Indian Trustees Act XXVII of 1866—Crawford B and Co, In Re Suit No. 129 of 1910 v Cursetji Byramji Daruwalla Petitioner, Nadirsha and Dj Jehangir S M and H, Notice 23-6-14.

In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Soon. and Co, In Re Bai Lalitabai a minor v Bai Rukhmanibai widow Petitioner Jehangir S M and H, Notice 20-7-14.

1297-12—Shroff D and Dha, Premabai widow v Dewji Tricumdas and ors, Sm B & Co, Notice 29-7-14.

35-13—Hiralal and Co, Chotalal Chaganlal v Dhirajmal Amratlal and ors, 9-7-14.

747-10 and 636-11—Surajmal and Co, Mamilal Jeshanglal v Virchand Jeychand and ors, 27-7-14.

1159-10—Hiralal and Co, Khubiram Jailal v Kedarprasad Ramnarayen and ors, 28-7-14.

636-10—Hiralal and Co, Bidhichand and ors v Lalla Ganga Lahai and ors, 28-7-14.

In Re Indian Cos Act VI of 1882—Shroff D and Dha, In Re the Bombay Banking Co Ltd (In Liquidation) v Balvant Ramchandra Soman Applicant. Matubhai J and M, 14-7-14.

281-14—Nanu H and Co, Dossabhoy Cursetji Soonawalla v Gangaram Sakharam Seth and ors. Pocha and Co. 30-7-14.

400-14—Ardeshir H D and Co, Mahomed Roshan Abdul Bari and ors v Mahomed Abdulla Muktabay, Captain and V, 4-8-14.

250-14—Bhai K and Gir, The Bombay Baroda and Central India Co v Samalbhai Nathubhai a firm and ors, Captain and Vaidya, 10-8-14.

1194-13—Payne and Co, The Credit Bank of India Ltd (In Liquidation) v Choti widow and ors, Little and Co, 10-8-14.

In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Sabnis and Gore, In Re His Highness Shrimad Sukrituntra Teertha Swami of Kashi Mutt a minor v Bantwal Lakshaman Baliya Petitioner, Raghavayya N and Co, 11-8-14.

In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Sabnis and Gore, In Re His Highness Shrimad Sukrituntra Teertha Swami of Kashi Mutt a minor v Bantwal Lakshman Baliya Petitioner, Raghavayya N and Co, 11-8-14

478-40—Jehangir S M and H, Esmail Haji Allarakhia and anr v Mohsin Miya and ors, Matubhai J and M, 11-8-14.

1084-13—Madhowji R & Ch. Atmaram Ganpat Manaji Gholup and anr, Sabnis & G, Judah & S 13-8-14.

O S 762-13—Ardeshir H D & Co Haji Karmali Mahomed Jetha and ors v. the Advocate-General of Bombay Little & Co. 20-7-14.

O S 802-14—J. A. Valles Roger Mathias De Silva v Roque Stephens Pereira Patell & E & Z 30-7-14.

In Re Indian Cos Act VI of 1882 In Person—In Re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd. (In Liquidation) v. J Sandars Slater Official Liquidator Dhanjishaw and B Amin & D Sm. B & Co. Payne & Co. Bick M R & Co. Bhai K & G Craegie B & C Craw B & Co. Muljee & Th. Edg G W & Co. Hiralal & Co. Madh K & C Little & Co. To settle list of contributories as per J. S. order of 4-7-14.

In Re Indian Cos. Act VI of 1882—Matu J & M—In Re the Bombay Banking Co. Ltd. (In Liquidation) v B N Lang official Liquidator Chitvis B & K Captain & Co. Mulji and Tha Shroff D & D Hiralal & Co. Daph F & D. Judah & S Ragh N & Co. Malvi H M & R Amin & D Dhanjishaw & B To settle list of contributories as per J S order of 28-7-14.

In Re Indian Co's Act VI of 1882—In Re the Bombay Mg & Captain & Vaidy Mg. Co. Ltd. (In Liquidation) v. Bhanji Dharamsey Saparee Wadia G & Co. Petitioner Unwalla P and Papa. To settle list of Debts & claims filed on 16-7-14.

For Consent Decree (in Court).

239-14—Dapb F & D Tihiralli Jiwabhai and ors. v. Ali Mahomed Cumruddin and anr Pest. R R & Co.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Comr's Report.

344-12—Mans. H M & Co. Narotam Anandji Canji and ors. v Bhimji & Co. Madh K & Ch. Part heard.

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	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct
Colaba [Observatory] ..	1	83	54	62	60	56	42	23
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0	88	54	78	70	89	46	35
Esplanade Gok. Tej. Hospital.]	1	03	57	00	70	01	46	67
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0	84	62	94	73	04	45	65

CHINA ARTICULATE.

Whatever the Chinese are to-day, let it be remembered that at one time or another they have given light to well-nigh one-half of the human race and have evolved and maintained a civilisation which, even in its present decadence, displays elements of beauty unknown and unparalleled in any other system of culture. And there are those well qualified to speak who believe that a rejuvenated and spiritualised China may yet have lessons to teach which the world will be the better for learning.

This feeling of pride worthily animates the Editor of "The Chinese Review" in a Foreword to his readers. The present is a period of suspense, but few doubt that China will emerge stronger than ever before from the long-continued crisis in her affairs. The Chinese have been subjected to no inconsiderable amount of misrepresentation in the past, and this Review, says the "Review of Reviews," should help to dispel many illusions, as the Editor says:—

"However, it is an ill worm that has no capability of turning. For a full half-century we have stood lash and mockery in silence, the butt of the facetious, the victim of force and rapacity; and this treatment we have received at the hands of those who are never weary of proclaiming their superior civilisation. But if we turn now it is in no spirit of defiance. First, we have only ourselves to blame for the weakness which renders us such easy and inviting preys. Secondly, we have seen enough to be convinced that the majority of Englishmen have consistently deprecated the high-handed and unprincipled practices of some of their nationals."

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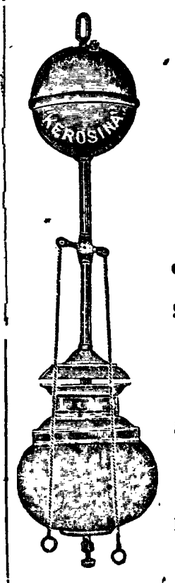

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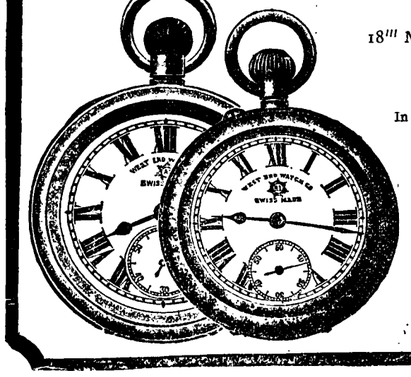

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EDUCATION IN INDIA.

ENGLISH AS THE "LINGUA FRANCA."

Professor Mark Hunter, of the Presidency College, Madras, and lately Chairman of the Board of Studies in English in the Madras University, who is now home from India on leave discussed with a "Morning Post" representative on July 22 the progress that is being made in the teaching of English in the Madras Presidency. "A very definite attempt," he said, "is being made to utilise modern methods in the teaching of English. Courses, for instance, are arranged on phonetics and the direct method is employed. Only two years ago a visit was paid to the Presidency by Mr. Daniel Jones, who spent a fortnight there. His arguments in favour of the teaching of phonetics were well received, and now attempts are being made in the secondary schools to teach along phonetic lines. Another means whereby the teachers in Madras are kept abreast of modern views has been the foundation of a branch of the English Association, which circulates its leaflets and bulletins among the members. The question of the English spelling is one of our greatest difficulties, and efforts are being made to introduce a system of simplified spelling. The adoption of it in the schools would very greatly facilitate the spread of the English language, but nothing can be done without the authorisation of the Government. The possibility of such an authorisation being granted is far from chimerical, as Mr. Middlemast, who has recently held the post of Special Deputy-Director of Education, is the treasurer of the Madras branch of the Society advocating the change. The reform would be very greatly welcomed by Indian teachers, who complain that they find the English spelling a very serious difficulty to pupils. It has to be remembered that the Indian boy has first to learn to read and write in his own language through the medium of a script which, though comparatively phonetic, is extremely cumbersome, and then to start studying the very inconsistent English script. The argument does not, of course, apply solely to India, but it affects India more intimately than other countries. By the use of the methods I have mentioned English is already tending to be the *lingua franca* of the educated Indian. To an Englishman the language as spoken sounds clipped and rather pedantic, as is inevitable owing to its being learnt so largely from books. The Indian's knowledge of it, however, is thorough and very serviceable. When the students come to the Presidency College, for instance, they have no difficulty whatever in following lectures in English, and, further, as there are so many different languages talked there, English becomes a common language in which all students can converse. Our Honours students have a five years' course, after matriculation and the passmen a four years course, while we have an Honours course that is closely modelled on the Oxford Honours School of English Literature though only a few students take this."

NEED FOR SPECIALIST TEACHING.

"Unfortunately we have only just discovered in India that special qualifications are required for the proper teaching of English, and there has been rather a tendency to believe that anyone could teach English. This applies both to the University lecturer and to the Indian schoolmaster, who requires special qualifications for the work. Another difficulty against which we have had to contend has been the absence of suitable readers. The infant books prepared for English children are quite unsuitable, as the Indian boy starts learning his English at about nine years of age, after he has mastered reading and writing in his own language. The big publishing houses, however, are now producing suitable readers. As regards the standard attained, we have in Madras had complaints that we have been trying to strike at higher education. This is not the case, but we have been definitely trying to raise the standard. One cannot help feeling that in the past the mistake has been made of having an unduly low standard, and one of our aims at present is to raise the standard in every way by a higher curriculum and by better conditions in the colleges. The hostel system has proved a great success, and the Government of Madras has taken it up semi-officially. The attempt is being made to approximate the conditions to those obtaining in English colleges, and the Governor of Madras, Lord Pentland, is specially interested in this aspect of education."

"Large numbers of Indian students," Professor Hunter concluded, "wish to go to England to continue their education. But it is a course that can only be advised in the case of our best students, for merely average students are not able to profit by English education, and tend to be dissatisfied when they return to their own country."

SOCIALISM AND SMALL FAMILIES.

For thirty years more we have heard the eternal fallacies of State Socialism dinned into our ears; we have seen the workers deluded by them and carried away from true economic doctrine; we have seen discontent, suspicion, and unrest brewing on every side without any prospect of the end being attained—and we have recently found the workers sick and apathetic at the reiterated promise of a social revolution and ready to turn back to the truth. Neo-Malthusianism, like the stern Virtue of the fable, has no easily won delights to offer; but it does give the wage-earners the opportunity of working out their own salvation through prudence, thrift, and co-operation. When they begin through family limitation to become capitalists and owners themselves, machinery, instead of being their foe, will become their best friend.—"The Malthusian."

DIVORCE FOR LADY AFFLECK

BARONET'S STRANGE LETTER TO HIS WIFE.

Lady Julia Georgina Affleck obtained a decree nisi for divorce on July 23 from Sir Robert Affleck, the seventh baronet, to whom she was married in 1886. Sir Robert, who did not defend the suit, is a Justice of the Peace and Deputy-Lieutenant for Suffolk, says the "Daily News and Leader." He was born in 1852.

Wearing a black silk costume, with black straw hat, Lady Affleck said she was married on March 9 1886, at St. Stephen's Church, Kensington. They afterwards lived together at Dalham Hall, Newmarket, and other places. There were no children. In 1902, she said, her husband got into difficulties, with the result that Dalham Hall was sold. They then came to live in Charles Street, Knightsbridge.

A creditor took possession of the things there. She went to live at St. Leonards, and wrote to her husband in September, 1906, as follows:

> Is it your intention to send me no money for the future, and to decline to see me, communicate with me direct, or live with me again?

"I received a very vague and indefinite sort of answer to that, and I did not keep it," said Lady Affleck. "It was no real answer at all to my letter." After that she met Sir Robert in the street and asked him if he was going to provide a home for her, but his replies were just as vague as his letter. She had received certain sums of money from Sir Robert's solicitor, the last being early in 1907. Last April she received a letter from her husband, as follows:

> To Lady Affleck,—Sir Robert and "Lady Affleck" occupied rooms 404 and 405 at the Regina Hotel, Southampton-row, W.C., on Friday and Saturday, April 10 and 11.

The reception clerk at the hotel said Sir Robert and a lady, about 30 years of age (who was not the petitioner) stayed there on the dates mentioned. Witness said he noticed that the lady's dressing case was marked "T. M."

Mr. Justice Bargrave Deane granted Lady Affleck a decree nisi with costs.

TOWN PLANNING.

SUGGESTIONS TO MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

The Government of Madras have issued the following Order, containing suggestions to Municipal Councils in the matter of the improvement of urban residential quarters:

The attention which town-planning and the improvement of urban residential quarters has aroused in recent years in Europe, America and Australia has led to the production of a quantity of literature on both subjects which is of great interest and importance to all those who are responsible for the well being of the population of towns. The desire for the amelioration of existing urban conditions which is manifesting itself in this Presidency should have valuable results if rightly directed and the Government consider that much advantage would follow a wide acquaintance among Municipal Councillors and the educated public generally, with the results of modern ideas and efforts in such matters as town-extension, town-planning, sanitation and other Municipal activities.

Below is given a list of a few of the better known books and periodicals on these subjects, which may be procured through any Madras bookseller, and the Government suggest to all Municipal Councils that they should purchase or subscribe to some or all of these and render them available not only to Councillors but also to individuals or Societies interested in such questions. The formal sanction of Government to the purchase should be applied for under Article 285 of the Municipal Account Code. Subscriptions to periodicals should begin with the current official year.

PERIODICALS.

(1) "Town-Planning Review," Quarterly, 10s. 6d. per annum, (2) "Garden Cities and Town-Planning," Monthly, 4s. per annum. (3) "The American City," Monthly, 8s. 4d. per annum. (The above three may be obtained from the Garden Cities and Town-Planning Association, 3, Gray's Inn Place, London, W. C.). (4) "Co-Partnership," Monthly, 1s. per annum (Co-partnership Publishers, Limited, 6 Bloomsbury Square, London, W. C.). (5) "The Municipal Journal," Weekly, 8s. per annum. (The Municipal Journal, 80, Fleet Street, London, E. C.). (6) "The Local Government Review," 12s. per annum. (The Cavendish Press, 25, White Press, Moore Lane, London, E. C.).

BOOKS.

1. "Town-Planning in Practice" by Raymond Unwin, 21s. net (Publisher, T. Fisher Unwin), 2. "The Garden City" by C. B. Purdom, 10s. 6d. net (Publishers, J. M. Dent and Sons, Limited). 3. "Practical Housing" by J. S. Nettlefold, popular edition, 1s. 6d. (Publisher T. Fisher Unwin). 4. "Town-Planning and Modern Architecture" at the Hamstead Garden Suburb, 2s. 6d. (Publisher, T. Fisher Unwin), 5. "A Study in City Development" by Professor Geddes.

SPORT V. INDUSTRY.

Respect for the Hunt, respect for the men who ride to hounds is not dead in the countryside; the spirit of sport is not dead. Yet there they are, those two Gorgons—the poor working farmer and the rich idle hunting man—glaring at each other over the hedge as if England wasn't big enough to hold them both. Some day—perhaps too late—they will see that even the fox and the hen have interests in common. Meanwhile—it is characteristic of the temper of the whole country to-day—they prefer to be enemies though they might be friends. —WILFRID H. G. EWART, in "The British Review."

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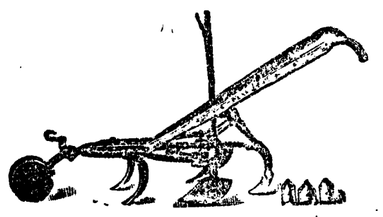

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SOCIALISM IN RUSSIA.

PROGRESS OF FEMINISM.

RUSSIANS AND AMERICANS COMPARED.

A writer in *Bulleten Literatoory y Jisn* (*Bulletin of Literature and Life*) draws a curious comparison between the Russians and the Americans, from which it appears there could not be two peoples more opposed in spirit and ideals. To the Russian life is a "universal evil"; to the American it is a fascinating process. The Russian is the slave of principles; the American the slave of realities. The Russian sees the world mirrored in his conscience; the American in his will. The Russian is a dreamer; the American a practical man. Still Russia is far from taking America as a model where man is reduced to machine-made simplicity as opposed to the metaphysical complexity of the Russian.

In the same journal there is a suggestive article on "A Plea for Solitude," in which the writer tries to trace some of the reasons for the ever-increasing number of suicides in Russia. He considers the Russian is too much the spendthrift of his time, which he squanders on everything and on everybody, losing his own self in the process. The writer recommends silence and solitude—not a very happy remedy to our Western ideas. "A daily bath of solitude," he concludes, "is as necessary to the soul as a warm bath to the body."

FEMINISM AND SOCIAL PROGRESS.

In an article in the *Russkoye Bogatstvo* (*Russian Wealth*) on "Women's Movement and Dissolution of Family Life," a writer says that feministic literature, so enormous in bulk, is trifling in quality. It lacks cohesion, and is so full of gaps that the layman is utterly unable to form a correct idea as to the part feminism plays in social progress and as to the historical importance of "woman's emancipation." This is natural, thinks the writer, since the whole movement is the unconscious product of social progress generally and was inaugurated by women chiefly as a protest against the abnormal conditions under which they lived.

THE COARSENESS OF RUSSIAN SOCIAL LIFE.

The May number of the *Sovremenny Mir* (*Contemporary World*) gives a comprehensive criticism of Leonid Andreev's new play "Professor Staritzyn," which is interesting for us as a study contrasting two distinct products of the national life—viz., the votaries of art and the "Philistine" or "Hamstvo" element. Andreev depicts with startling vividness how the coarser atmosphere of Rusian social life is spreading everywhere, and sets it off with the yearning for a finer, more harmonious, existence. Andreev, generally reckoned a pessimist, has really brought a great deal of idealism and truth into his idea that the only hope for a renaissance of culture lies in the "drai democracy," with its huge physical and spiritual resources still untouched.

The problem of the Cinema *versus* the Theatre still continues to fill the reviews. The same journal, disoussing the question, thinks that the theatre is to blame, as it resolutely turns its back on the demands of the time. Not only artistically does it fail to attract the public, but in the mere matter of comfort it is far behind the times. The prices are exorbitant. The poorer people are crushed into the same over-crowded stuffy galleries. It is no wonder that in Russia, as elsewhere, the poorer classes patronise the cinema, where they get at least value for their money!

THE "LITERARY YOKE."

The May number of the *Vestnik Evropy* (*Messenger of Europe*) contains a suggestive article called "Under the Literary Yoke." According to the writer this "yoke" originated in a remote antiquity when the "word" was identified with the "thing." A magic power was ascribed to it. From this arose the cult of the "word." At the dawn of humanity it was religious and magical, but with the growth of culture it became scholastic and literary and found expression in innumerable schools and "tendencies." In our epoch there is a weakening of this "literary yoke" owing to the rapid change of tendencies and the perpetual wars and controversies between rival schools which can only result in their mutual extermination.

THE CRAFT OF WEAVING.

A writer in the *Apollon* discusses artistic hand-weaving in Russia, which has become very popular. A patriotic movement is on foot, fostered by the national artistic traditions, to spread so-called "Kustar" craft of weaving, and for this purpose there has been recently established a "People's Art School" in St. Petersburg. The idea of the school is to educate peasant girls as instructors in the art and craft of hand industries, so that when they are sufficiently trained and equipped by the school they can act as instructors in other centres of Russia. The idea is quite a simple one, based on sensible principles. It has nothing whatever to do with preconceived notions of Russian art or interpretations of it by specified artists. It is a plain working guild established for the purpose of stimulating and strengthening the art traditions of Russia, so that the national genius may have a wider scope to develop.

THE VALUE OF RHETORIC.

The vital quality of all oral composition whether argumentative or occasional, is its immediacy A speech, of whatever sort, is determined by the audience. Its characteristic difference from an essay is that it is addressed, not to those abstractions called the general public, or the average man, much less to an instructor, but to particular hearers actually present. For this reason oratory is perennial. The idea that it can ever be supplanted by print, much less by writing, can be held only by a recluse.—Charles Sears Baldwin, in "Educational Review" (Easton, Pa., U. S. A.).

A PRESIDENT'S CONSCIENCE.

HOW HE IMPRESSES ONE

Mr. Sydney Brooks contributes the following character sketch of President Wilson to "The English Review" which gives the reader an opportunity of studying an unusual type of politician:—

Mr. Wilson entered public life with an endowment of knowledge, scholarship, and philosophy not merely rare but abnormal in American politics. He belongs, in fact, much more to the class of public men we are now becoming unaccustomed to in England rather than to the class that has hitherto pretty well dominated American affairs. He is nearer to Lord Morley, Mr. Balfour, Lord Bryce, and the late Professor Butcher than to such typically American products as Cleveland, McKinley, or Bryan. The United States has only once in her history elected to the highest office in the gift of the Republic anyone who at all resembled him as an intellectual force and that was when she placed Thomas Jefferson in the White House.

There would seem to be no sort of link or sympathy between the President and the average Senator or Congressman, and the ordinary party boss with his "pettinesses and vulgarities, base motives and low calculations" shrivels in his presence:—

It is not that he explodes upon them, or shows any trace of moral or intellectual arrogance. It is simply that there is something in him and radiating from him, the presence and emanation of a spirit always instinctively in communion with the finer things of life, that abashes men of a meaner cast. He impresses one, even an infrequent acquaintance like myself, as a man governed by a living faith in religion and by a conscience that, if it is a solace, must also be one of the trials of his Presidential career. Once convinced that he has right and justice on his side and nothing can move him; I can imagine him then proving the most stubborn of men. A certain want of elasticity in his moral temperament and judgment unites in him, or so at least it seems to me, with the habit of authority and the pride of conviction and the impatience of opposition inherited from his pedagogic years to form a compound not without its dangers for a statesman in this unholy world of ours. His whole Mexican policy, indeed—the problem of how such a man could act in such a way—only becomes comprehensible when the guess is hazarded that his conscience rather than his intellect dictated it. It was a case where the scruples of an idealist revolted against a compromise to which a statesman of more robust or less sensitive disposition would have accommodated himself without difficulty. A good stiff conscience will sheathe a man in an ethical casing against which all arguments will helplessly blunt themselves, and will transform the clearest of thinkers into an obstinate and intractable doctrine; and, personally, except on the ground of conscience, I find it impossible to reconcile Mr. Wilson's diplomacy in Mexico either with his trained and comprehensive intelligence or with the decisiveness that has marked his treatment of domestic issues. He is a sombre, I have even heard him called an angular, President, who rarely relaxes into expansiveness or allows the public to catch a glimpse of the great store of winning and many-sided humanity, the abounding sense of fun, that delights his intimates. The richness and variety of his talk, the spontaneous humour that is of the very essence of his zest in life, these he keeps for his family and his friends. The mass of his countrymen have still to learn to know him.

NEUTER WOMAN.

Kuroiwa Shuroku, in "The Japan Magazine," attempts in somewhat fantastic fashion to offer a solution of the woman question, which apparently threatens the feudal calm of Eastern homes. The writer asserts that in Japan the "kitchen standard of wifehood is fast becoming obsolete, and many are crying out for strong wives and brave mothers," and anticipates some form of agitation which will bring man into his due position as mate rather than his present unchallenged position as master. The writer thus outlines his suggestion:—

In her struggle for freedom against the domination of man, the Japanese woman has one weakness she will have to overcome before her future can be hopefully assured. She woefully lacks a capacity for that *neutral attitude* which she must assume toward man, if she is ever to measure swords with him successfully, and meet him at last on an equal footing. By a neutral attitude I mean the capacity to unsex herself on all occasions of competition with man.

This advice is, indeed, a hard saying, for the Japanese woman is not inclined to neutrality of this kind, for Mr. Shuroku admits that—

The very minute that in the transaction of business she comes in contact with one of the opposite sex, the Japanese woman shows that she is a woman. She is always conscious of the delicacy of her sex, and that man rules her, and that she never knows but that the man she is trying to strike a bargain with, or out-do in some transaction, may some day be her lover and husband. This sex-consciousness is much more potent in Japan than it apparently is in western lands. It is simply the virtue of modest womanliness face to face with the hard, unsentimental facts of the modern materialistic world.

This admission notwithsanding, the writer thinks that woman should say to man: "Let me free, or I will destroy the human race!"

Thus it will be seen that every woman has in her own hands a weapon no man can successfully withstand, the weapon of absolute virginity. During all the long, sad years of woman's bondage she has never seen fit to wield this weapon as she can do if she wills, for the reformation and culture of mankind. But is she is to win the place she evidently is coming to believe herself destined to, this is the weapon she must use.

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(Vide "The Lancet," March 30th 1912, page 897, and leading articles of the Medical Times,"30th 1911 page 781, et seq.)

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St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain—Rev. H. Martindale, 8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m.; Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Preacher: Rev. H. Martindale.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. C. E. de Coetlogon; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy: Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, Rev. T. W. Sharpley, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. L. Hari. 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6.30 p.m. Evening prayer, and Sermon. Collection for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujerati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road—Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil). 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill. There will be no services at this Church till further notice.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Clergy: Rev. R. C. V. Hodge. 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (choral), 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—Chaplain (Vacant.) 9-45 a.m. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m. Evening Service and Sermon. Week days: 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev J. Londhe. 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English), 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzarati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—Chaplain: Rev. H. Martindale. 11 a.m., Matins, and Holy Communion.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's. 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's Mazagon—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and R. Pearce. 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a.m. Choral Eucharist with Hymns; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon Alms for the Poor.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort—Chaplain: The Rev. R. E. Lee, M.A., B. D. 9-30 a.m., Joint Service with United Free Church; Sacrament and Baptism: Rev. R. E. Lee, M.A.; B.D. 5-15 p.m., Sunday School 6-30 p.m. Evening Service and Communion Rev. R. E. Lee, M.A., B.D., Evening Praise: Ps. 23, Par. 58, 35. Hymns 411, 67, 226.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray, M.A. —9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Young People's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service: Preacher: Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church. Girgaum Back Road.—9 a.m., Morning Service (Marathi). Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service (English).

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla. Pastor: Rev. W. E. Blancroft 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-45 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8.45 p.m. Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdoyne Road, Apollo Bunder —Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner, M.A.—11 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a.m., Morning Service. 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. 5 p.m. Sunday School.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post Office) Middle Colaba. Minister Rev. Mr. A. E. Hubbard. 9 a.m., Morning Service, Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. A. E. Hubbard. Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m. Bible classes for Adults from 5-30 to 6-15 p.m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla —Pastor: Rev. John Malelu. 9 a.m., Sunday School, 10 a.m. Sunday School Teachers' Class; 3-15 p.m. Gospel Spreading Society; 4-30 p.m. Afternoon Service. Prayer meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie. Vicar, Rev. Dr. B. De Monte.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., and 6 p.m., Week days 6-15 a.m., and 6-45 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel, Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and Rev. J. A. Gomes.—6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla, Vicar, Very Rev. L. C. Pera, Hours of Mass: 5-30; 7; and 9 a.m.

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Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Barrow's Lane), Girgaum Road—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho 5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Tersea's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedious.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m., (Children's Mass); 8-30, 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's Colaba)—Chaplain: Rev. Fr. F. Hillenkamp, S. J., Sunday, 8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service of Benediction. Daily Mass at 7 a.m.

Chapel.—Our Lady of Dolours.—New Sonapur. Chaplain Rev. Daniel Fernandes.—7 a. m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 6 and 8 a. m., with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's, Umarkhadi, near J. J. Hospital.—Chaplain: Rev. P. Fernandez 7 and 8-30 a. m., Masses; 5-30 p. m., Benediction.

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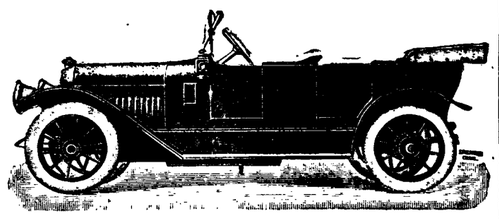

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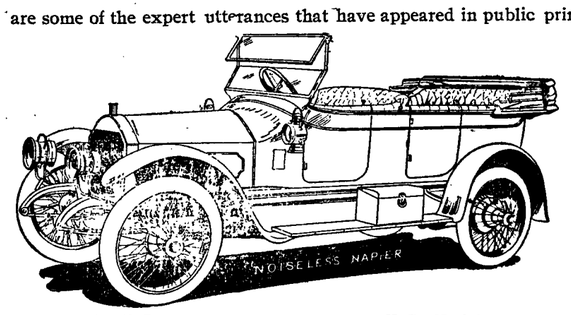

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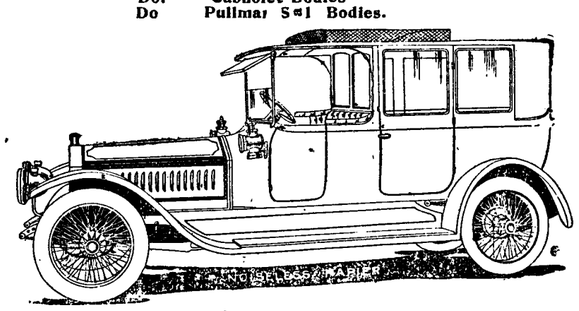

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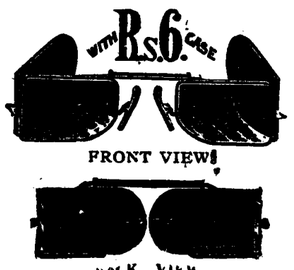

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A MOGHUL PRINCESS.

BEGUM OF BHOPAL'S RESEARCH.

Great Indian ladies are finding new outlets of expression in many directions. The Begum of Bhopal, long known as a most successful administrator, an advanced educationist, a learned scholar in Persian, a clever writer herself, and an artist of no little skill, has lately taken up a bit of research that has had a fascinating interest for all Mohammedan ladies, and incidentally for all who have visited Delhi, where they have seen the plain grasscovered grave which they were told held the remains of the granddaughter of the mighty Shah Jehan, says the "Daily Telegraph." The very contrast of its simplicity with the splendours of the Taj at Agra to his favourite, wife, and the grandeur of the Fort at Delhi, was in itself impressive, and the memory was wont to linger in the mind.

But it appears that there has always been some uncertainty among the faithful followers of the Prophet as to whether this was really the tomb of the Princess Zebunnissa. The Begum of Bhopal, who has herself made the Haj to Mecca, and is therefore entitled to wear the robe of the pilgrim that distinguishes those who have faced the hardships of that journey, was not at all convinced on the subject, and she has come to the conclusion that it is Lahore, and not the new capital of India, which can claim to hold the ashes of the Princess. She intends, therefore, to erect at Lahore a very handsome and imposing memorial at a considerable cost, and thus attention is directed to an outstanding personality among the great Moghul dynasty of India.

LEARNING AND BEAUTY.

The story of Princess Zebunnissa is little known here, but it is a favourite one with all educated Indian ladies, and it is due to the Begum Fyzee Rahamin, who comes of a long-cultured family, that it is possible to give a sketch here of it. Princess Zebunnissa was the eldest child of the proud Emperor Aurungzebe, and even in her earliest youth she showed signs of fancy and imagination. It may seem strange to talk of a governess in connection with the Court of the Moghuls, but the little Princess had one in Hafiza Mirian, a most pious and learned lady, who taught her pupil to recite the whole of the Koran, a fact that in itself would appeal to the Begum, as her own second son is similarly accomplished. The Emperor rewarded his daughter for her accomplishments with 20,000 gold mohurs, and she continued her studies until she was 21.

Then came the appointment of a tutor—Mullah Ashroff—a thinker, philosopher, and poet. Her fame spread far and wide. New activities in education grew up, and scholars and students came to hear her words of wisdom. As her modern biographer remarks, "She soon became the centre of all talent, culture, and learning. Enveloped in clinging folds of soft muslin and pearls from head to foot, she gloried in shedding a noble radiance, and used to expound hidden doctrines with extraordinarily clever arguments. Her Court became a veritable academy of efficient scholars, who were engaged in all the highest branches, of learning, and making strenuous efforts to produce mighty masterpieces under her remarkably able guidance."

A LOST MASTERPIECE.

But the world has never seen her finest work. She had a clever woman amanuensis, who noted her verses, and one day, following her Royal mistress through the gardens, taking down some specially fine lines, the girl without seeing where she went tripped into the lake, letting go the precious manuscript. It was never recovered, and the Princes felt she could never again compose what was equal to this first work.

Then came political troubles. Her brother, sent to fight the Rajputs, threw in his lot with them against Aurungzebe. She tried to maintain a correspondence with him, which displeased her father. To another brother, however, she became devoted in a long and trying illness, and she has come to be regarded by good Mohammedan women as not only a brilliant scholar but as an embodiment of the domestic virtues. She possessed most exquisitely artistic tastes, and built herself a lovely palace in Cashmere.

Perhaps the real significance of the honour now being paid to the Princess lies in the indication it affords of the changing spirit of Eastern womanhood. None understands this better than the Begum of Bhopal, who has known how to reconcile the old traditions of quiet and seclusion with the most advancing progress. That she should be according this recognition and tribute of respect to the seventeenth-century Moghul Princess who linked with the finest qualities of womanhood this rare learning and culture means much. The Begum, let it also be remembered, has been foremost in supporting the schemes for general as well as medical education which the late Lady Hardinge in her all too brief term in India had so warmly at heart. Already there is talk of regarding the completion of the Queen Mary Medical College at Delhi as a worthy scheme to perpetuate her memory, and the meeting of the old with the new in the memorial to Princess Zebunnissa at Lahore may well turn a new page in the development of Indian womanhood now beginning to have its own ambitions.

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